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# THESIS

DEVELOPMENT OF A DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM TO AID IN THE AERODYNAMIC STUDY OF VARIOUS HELICOPTER CONFIGURATIONS

by

Patrick A. Witt

March 1986

Thesis Advisor:

Donald M. Layton

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Development of a Data Acquisition System to aid in the Aerodynamic Study of Various Helicopter Configurations

by

Patrick A. Witt Lieutenant, United States Navy B.S., United States Naval Academy, 1978

Submitted in partial fufillment of the requirements for the degrees of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING and AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER

from the

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL March 1986

#### ABSTRACT

This thesis developed a data acquisition system to be used in conjunction with the 3.5' x 5.0' low speed wind tunnel at the Naval Postgraduate School. Interactive graphic programs were developed to aid in data acquisiton and analysis. In addition, the internal balance that was designed by Major Scott Mair and Major Chris Sargent was redesigned to correct some problems encountered with drag component. The balance was also instrumented to record the pitch and yaw moment components. A calibration rig was designed and constructed in order to evaluate the interactions of the different components. The equipment used and programs developed for data acquisition analysis were adequate. However, balance calibration revealed problems with the calibration rig and location of the roll component strain gage. Both of these problems will have to be corrected before accurate readings can be expected from this balance design.

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# I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

### A. BACKGROUND

This project used the 3.5' x 5.0' low speed wind tunnel at the Naval Postgraduate School to continue the aerodynamic study of the effects of helicopter noses and tails on drag conducted by Major Mair [Ref. 1] and Major Sargent [Ref. 2]. Their work included the construction of nine various helicopter configurations, a sting mounted support system and a four-degree-of-freedom balance that was internal to the model. They also studied the airflow around the various configurations with cotton tufting.

To reduce and analyze the data, Majors Mair and Sargent developed several independent computer programs. These programs calibrated the balance, corrected the raw data from the wind tunnel runs, computed the equivalent flat plate area and produced plots of various parameters for comparison. However, due to problems encountered with the drag component of the balance, their results were inconclusive.

# B. GOALS

The primary goal of this project was to provide the students enrolled in the helicopter design class at the Naval Postgraduate School with a laboratory type set-up that would develop realistic Equivalent Flat Plate Area

information for various helicopter configurations. This included creating interactive computer programs that the students could use with the personal computer located at the wind tunnel.

The secondary goals of this project were to upgrade the two-axis internal wind tunnel balance to a six-axis internal balance and to develop a calibration rig to evaluate the interactions of the balance components.

Three landing gear configurations were also designed and constructed for future analysis of the drag that they add to the helicopter.

# II. APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM

# A. LANDING GEAR DESIGN

To provide a realistic representation of landing gear used with modern-day helicopters, one type of landing gear was selected for each nose shape (Figures 2.1-2.3). Planviews for the three types of landing gear were prepared and are included in Appendix A.

For the attack nose, a skid type of landing gear was constructed of aluminum tubing secured to an aluminum plate. This type of landing gear is considered a fixed gear but was chosen because of its wide use for numerous helicopters. For both the smooth nose and blunt nose a simulated retractable gear was constructed of wood stubwings and model airplane tires. Threaded inserts were mounted in the noses and stubwings to allow easy removal of the wheel and strut assemblies. This allowed the models to be tested in both the clean and dirty configuration.

# B. INTERNAL BALANCE MODIFICATION

A modified Mair/Sargent balance, Figures 2.4-2.7, was used for this project.

To improve the output recorded from the axial component, the cuts (see Figure 2.4) alongside that cavity were increased by 1/16 of an inch. In addition, the cavity itself was squared off thus reducing the curvature of the

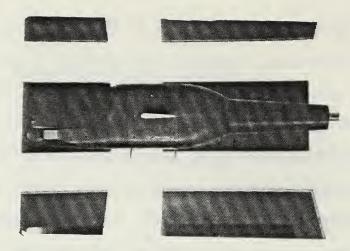


Figure 2.1 Attack Nose with gear

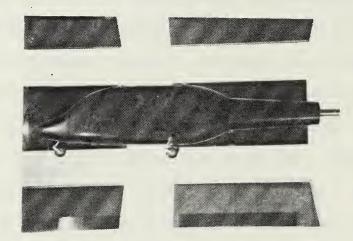


Figure 2.2 Smooth Nose with gear

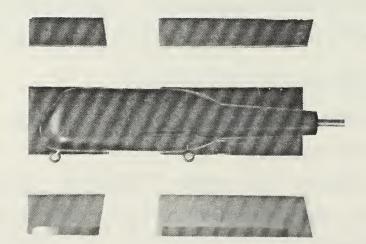


Figure 2.3 Blunt Nose with gear

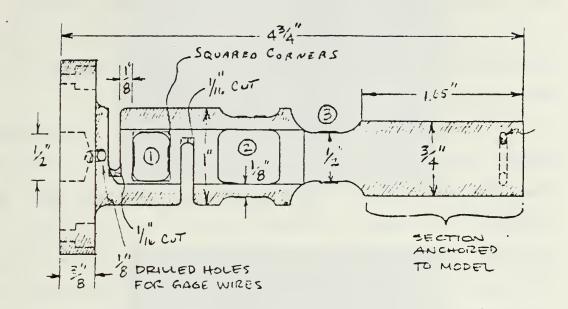


Figure 2.4 Internal Balance with Modifications

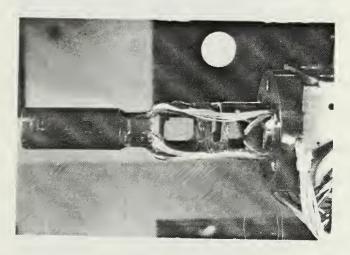


Figure 2.5 Re-Wired Internal Balance

surfaces in the cavity. These modifications increased the flat area upon which the strain gages could be placed.

An area (see Figure 2.6), similar to that for the pitching moment component, was cut to allow recording of the yawing moment component.

For compatability and increased accuracy, the aluminum strain gages were removed and replaced by EA-09-062AQ-350 stainless steel ones. These gages were smaller and thus allowed for better placement within the cavities. To provide a longer life, the gages were bonded to the balance with an M-Bond AE-15 adhesive system. They were cured at a temperature of 150 degrees Fahrenheit for two hours.

It was desired to record the six component forces on the helicopter; lift, drag, yaw, pitching moment, yawing moment and rolling moment. However, since the internal balance was designed to record only four components, the sting support was instrumented to record the yaw force and rolling moment (Figure 2.8).

The gages for the yaw component were placed on the side of the sting support to undergo tension and compression when subjected to a yawing force. The gages for the rolling moment component were placed on top and bottom of the sting support at a 45 degree angle to the sting axis. Thus, they experienced tension and compression when the model was subjected to a rolling moment.

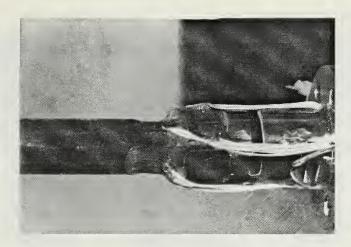


Figure 2.6 Lift, Pitch Moment and Yaw Moment Gages

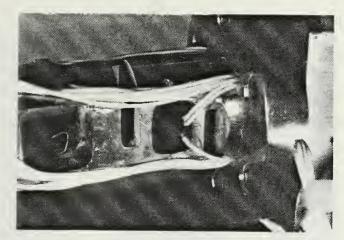


Figure 2.7 Drag Component Gage

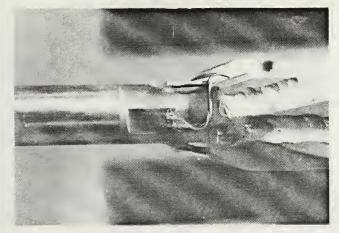


Figure 2.8 Yaw and Roll Moment Gages

#### C. BALANCE CALIBRATION

In order to determine any interaction between the six recording components, a calibration rig was designed and mounted to the main fuselage (Figure 2.9). The pans and pullies were arranged to simulate the twelve forces and moments that the helicopter models would experience in the wind tunnel. Each pan, or component was loaded from zero to twenty pounds in one pound increments. With each loading, readings from the other five components were recorded. This method was conducted until all six components were loaded in both the positive and negative direction and produced thirty interaction matrices.

A balance calibration program, Figure A.16, was written to determine the relations required to convert the raw data counts to actual forces and moments. For each component loading, the prime gage constants were determined using the following least squares curve fit [Ref. 3]:

```
[Sum(Xi)^2]*Kl + [Sum(Xi^3)]*K2 = Sum(Xi*Yi)
[Sum(Xi)^3]*Kl + [Sum(Xi^4)]*K2 = Sum((Xi^2)*Yi) .
where Xi is the raw data count
and Yi is the applied load
```

Once these constants were computed for all twelve loadings, the raw data counts were converted to forces and moments. Then for each interaction matrix, the same least squares equations were used to determine the interaction coefficients. These prime gage constants and interaction

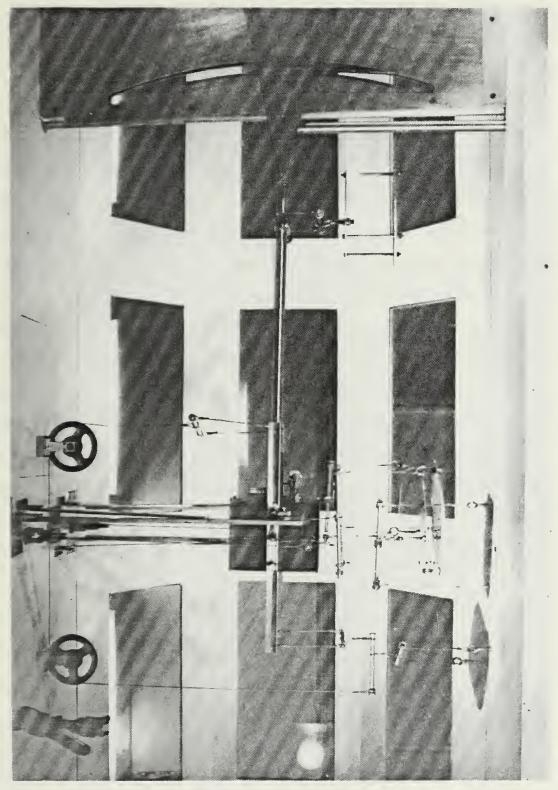


Figure 2.9 Balance Calibration Rig

coefficients were stored for use in the reduction of the raw data recorded during the wind tunnel tests.

# D. DATA ACQUISITION

To improve data reduction, it was desired to have a data acquisition system built into the wind tunnel instrumentation. The strain gages on the internal balance and support sting were connected to a Pacific Instruments model 8255 transducer amplifier (Figure 2.10). The outputs from this unit were then routed to data acquisition cards mounted in an IBM PC AT. A data acquisition program, Figure A.10, was incorporated into the interactive program set that allowed for quick and easy recording of test data.

Having the transducer amplifier connected to the strain gages allowed for easy zeroing and balancing of the gages. The data acquisition set-up provided real time readout of the forces that the helicopter was experiencing in the wind tunnel.



Figure 2.10 Data Acquisition Equipment

# III. SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM

## A. DATA COLLECTION AND REDUCTION

The data collection program, Figure A.10, was designed to record the data in a standardized collection method.

Interactive steps instruct the user to follow the procedures listed below.

- 1). Zero all amplifiers without the model in place.
- 2). Mount the model to the sting support and record a zero force reading.
- 3). Place the calibration switches to the + position and record a calibration reading.
- 4). Replace the calibration switchres to the center position and start the wind tunnel.
- 5). Record first and last data point at zero angle of attack with all other readings between plus ten degrees and minus eight degrees angle of attack.

By using a delay loop, changes could be made to the angle of attack of the model before the next set of data points were recorded. For each tunnel speed, the data recorded for the various angles of attack were stored on separate files.

Once the tunnel runs were completed and the data was recorded on file, another program, Figure A.11, was designed to convert the raw readings to readings of forces and monemts. The sixty interaction coefficients developed from the balance calibration were incorporated into this data reduction. The following equations, obtained from Mr.

David Backs at the NASA AMES Reseasrch Center, were used to correct for the interaction of the balance components.

These equation were written for each component and placed in an iterative loop that checked the difference between the two prime values. After the forces were corrected for component interaction, a weight tare equation was used to correct for the weight of the model

# B. ANALYSIS OF DATA

The main file of the interactive programs, Figure A.9, controlled the data recording, data reduction and data analysis with a menu format. For data analysis, the stored converted data readings were used to calculate the lift and drag coefficients and equivalent flat plate area for each angle of attack. Files were created for coefficient of lift versus angle of attack, coefficient of drag versus coefficient of lift, coefficient of drag versus coefficient of lift squared and equivalent flat plate area versus angle of attack. There was one file of each created for each tunnel speed.

A plotting routine, Figure A.15, was included in the interactive programs to allow quick analysis of the recorded data. To aid in the analysis, up to three plots

could be shown on one graph. A delay loop was incorporated into the plotting routine to allow for the option of obtaining a hard copy of the graph by using the print screen command.

# IV. RESULTS

#### A. BALANCE CALIBRATION

The balance was loaded in the twelve component directions and the balance calibration program was used to produce the tables B.2 through B.13. During the balance calibration, a drift in each of the components was noted under steady state conditions. To correct for this problem it was assumed that each component had a constant drift rate. The difference between the first and last zero reading was divided by the number of data points taken. This correction factor was then applied to each data point. This method produced good correlation between different data points taken for the same load.

### B. DATA COLLECTION

Test runs were conducted to evaluate the data acquisition program. The vibrations of the model in the wind tunnel resulted in erratic fluctuations in the sense indicators of the amplifiers. To correct for this problem, the acquisition program was modified to collect one hundred samples at a rate of five hundred samples per second. The average of these one hundred samples was taken as one data point. This method produced constant readings for data points of similar conditions.

# C. DATA REDUCTION AND ANALSYIS

The data reduction program was used to convert the raw test data. The interaction equations diverged instead of converging to a single value. This pointed out a problem with the interaction coefficients. Examination of the calibration tables revealed extremely large interactions between the loading of the lift component and reaction in the roll moment component. There was also noted a large interaction between the loading of the pitch moment component and reaction in the lift component.

The reduction program was modified to correct for the interactions between the lift and drag components only. The reduction program was again executed using the recorded test data. This time the interactions converged. This proved the validity of the interaction equations and confirmed the problems with the balance calibration.

A test file was created to display the plotting capabilities of the interactive programs. Figure 4.1 shows the results.

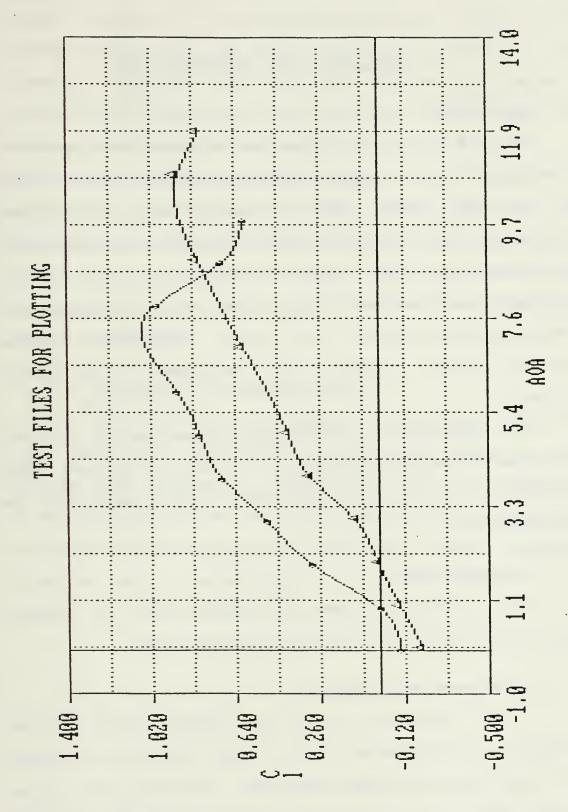


Figure 4.1 Output from Plotting Routine

# V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### A. CONCLUSIONS

The data acquisition system and programs developed were adequate for recording the forces and moments experienced in the wind tunnel. The extremely large interactions between the lift and roll moment components and between the pitch moment and lift components (see Tables B.2 - B.13) precluded any analysis of wind tunnel data. However, the data acquisition system and balance calibration program warrant further research and development of the balance system.

The interactive programs greatly reduced the workload required in the data acquisition and analysis phases. They provided a quick and easy means for the analysis of the recorded data.

### B. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are given as recommendations to improve the calibration of the internal balance system.

# 1. Balance Modification

The location of the roll moment strain gage was decided to be the cause of the large interaction between the lift and roll moment component. This gage was located on the back end of the sting support system. The roll

moment component was calibrated by applying a torque to the center section of the model that was mounted to the internal balance. When the lift component was loaded, a large bending moment was felt by the roll moment gage and thus producing the large interactions.

By placing the roll moment strain gage at a forty-five degree angle on the same cut-out section as the pitch moment gage, the torque applied to the center section can be used for calibration. Also, the loading of the lift component will not greatly affect the reaction of the roll moment component.

# 2. <u>Calibration Riq Modification</u>

By using the center section of the model to mount the calibration pans for the pitch moment component, the strains were incorrectly transmitted to the lift component. A separate calibration set-up will have to be designed that isolates the force appplied to the pitch moment component from the rest of the balance.

# APPENDIX A SKETCHES AND PROGRAMS

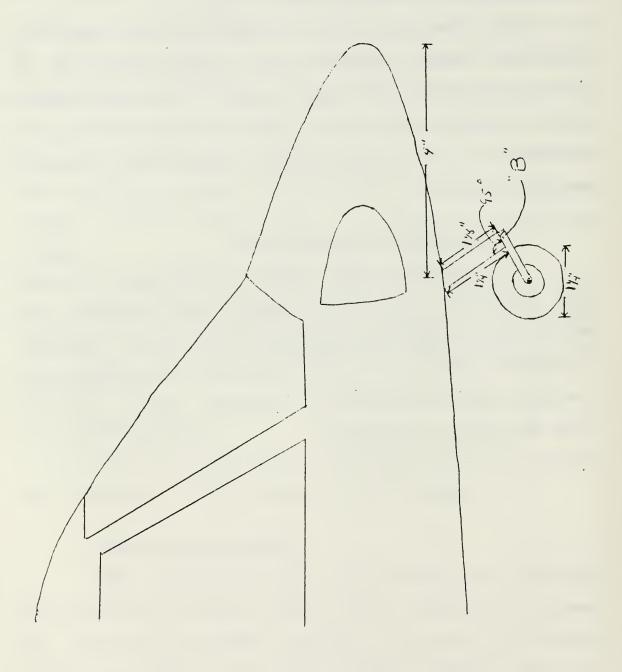


Figure A.1 Nose Gear for Smooth Nose

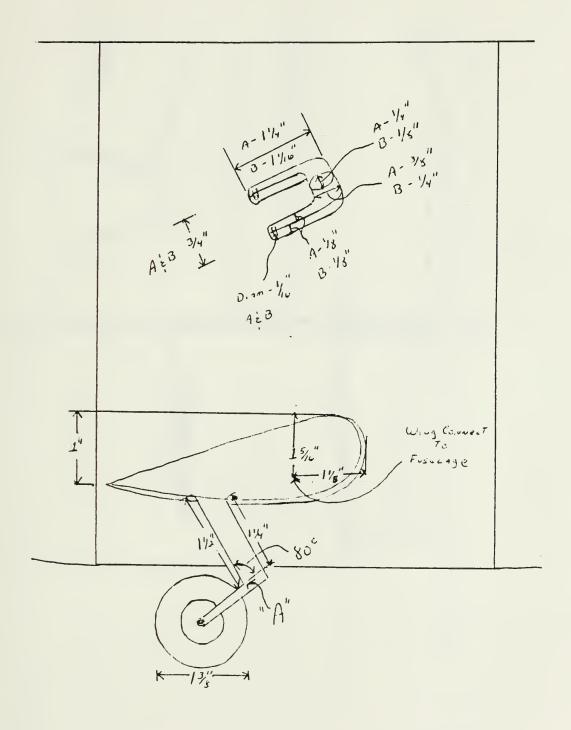


Figure A.2 Main Gear for Smooth Nose

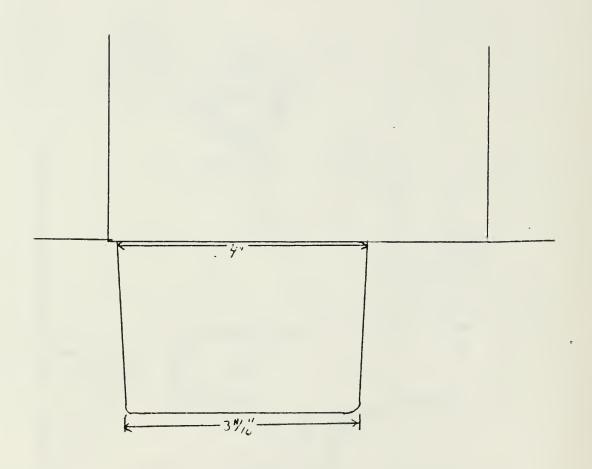


Figure A.3 Stubwing for Smooth Nose (Top View)

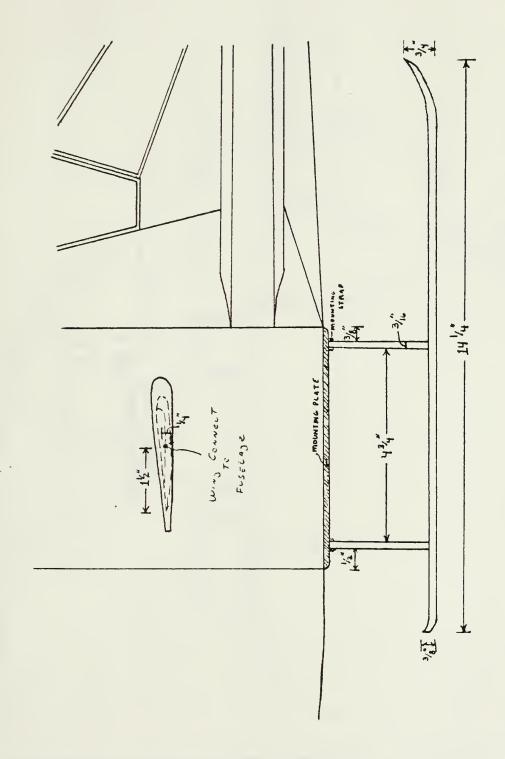


Figure A.4 Skid Gear and Wing for Attack Nose

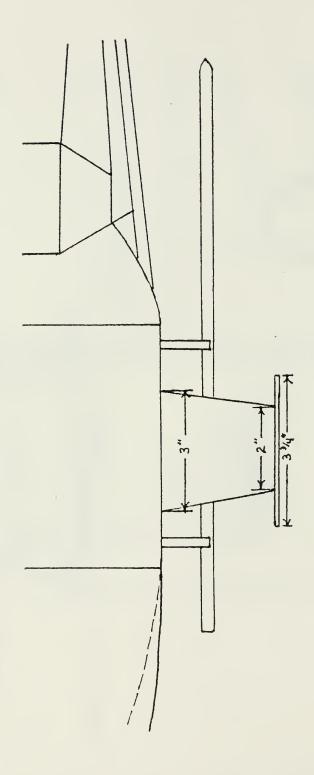


Figure A.5 Skid Gear for Attack Nose (Top View)

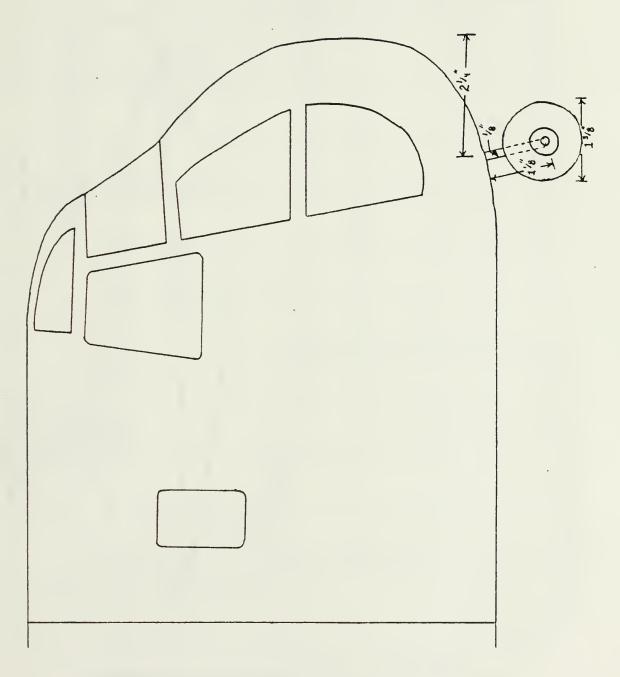


Figure A.6 Nose Gear for Blunt Nose

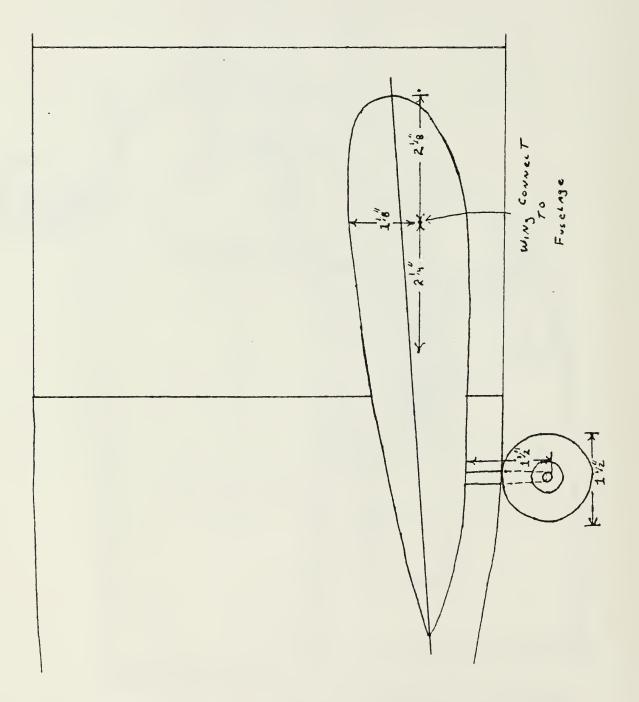


Figure A.7 Main Gear for Blunt Nose

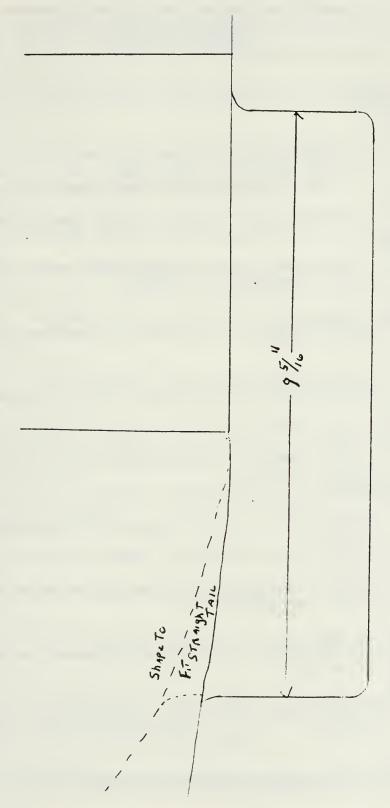


Figure A.8 Stubwing for Blunt Nose (Top View)

```
REM-----MAIN.BAS (MAIN CONTROL PROGRAM) -----
10
20
                      PATRICK A. WITT
                         20 JULY 1985
30
40
50
     REM
    KEY OFF
280
290
     SCREEN 1
     COLOR 1
300
     FOR I = 1 TO 2
310
    IF I = 1 THEN FILL = 11 ELSE FILL = 12
320
     IF I = 1 THEN EDGE = 9 ELSE EDGE = 10
330
340
     IF I = 1 THEN X1=106: X2=0: X3=56 ELSE X1=108: X2=2:
     X3 = 58
    IF I = 1 THEN Y1=48: Y2=94: Y3=140 ELSE Y1=46: Y2=92:
350
     Y3 = 138
360
     ' "H"
370
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1; ,=Y1; U30R4D12R12U12R4D30L4U12"
380
     DRAW "L12D12L4BE1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
    1 "E"
390
400
     X1 = X1 + 26
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1;,=Y1; U30R20D4L16D9R8D4L8D9R16D4L2
410
     OBE1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
    1 HT.H
420
430
    X1 = X1 + 26
440
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1;,=Y1; U30R4D26R16D4L20BE1P=FILL;,
     =EDGE:"
    1 "0"
450
460
     X1 = X1 + 26
470
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1;,=Y1; U30R20D30L20BR4BU4U22R12D22L
     12BG1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
480
     'NEXT LINE
     1 "C"
490
500
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U3 OR2 OD4 L16D2 2R16D4 L2 OBE1P=
     FILL; ,=EDGE;"
    1 "0"
510
520
     X2 = X2 + 26
530
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D30L20BR4BU4U22R12D22L
     12BG1P=FILL; ,=EDGE; "
    ı "N"
540
550
    X2 = X2 + 26
560
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4F12U12R4D30L4H12D12L4BE
     lP=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
    ा प्रमुप्त
570
580
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D4L16D6R8D4L8D16L4BE1P=
590
     FILL: ,=EDGE:"
    1 "I"
600
610
    X2 = X2 + 26
620
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4D30L4BE1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
630 ' "G"
```

Figure A. 9 MAIN.BAS - Main Controlling Program

```
640
     X2 = X2 + 14
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D4L16D22R12U4L4U4R8"
650
     DRAW "D12L2OBE1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
660
     i iiIii
670
680
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4D26R12U26R4D30L20BE1P=
690
     FILL; , = EDGE; "
     1 "R"
700
710
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U3 OR2 OD15L12F15L4H15D15L4BU1
720
     9BR4U7"
730
     DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     1 "A"
740
750
     X2 = X2 + 30
760
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D30L4U15L12D15L4BU19BR
770
    DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     I II THE
780
790
     X2 = X2 + 26
800
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; BU26U4R20D4L8D26L4U26L8BE1P=
     FILL; , = EDGE; "
     1 HTH
810
820
    X2 = X2 + 26
830
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4D30L4BE1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
     1 11011
840
850
     X2 = X2 + 14
860
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D30L20BR4BU4U22R12D22L
     12BG1P=FILL; ,=EDGE; "
     1 IINII
870
880
     X2 = X2 + 26
890
    DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4F12U12R4D30L4H12D12L4BE
     1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     'NEW LINE
900
     I "A"
910
920
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R20D30L4U15L12D15L4BU19BR
930
     DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
940
     ı "N"
950
     X3 = X3 + 26
960
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R4F12U12R4D30L4H12D12L4BE
     lP=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
970
     1 "A"
980
     X3 = X3 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R20D30L4U15L12D15L4BU19BR
990
      4U7"
1000 DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
1010 ' "L"
1020 X3 = X3 + 26
1030 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R4D26R16D4L20BE1P=FILL;,=
      EDGE:"
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

- 1040 ' "Y"
- 1050 X3 = X3 + 26
- 1060 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; BU30BL1R5F9R4E9R5G14D16L4"
- 1070 DRAW "U16H14BR2BD1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
- 1080 ' "S"
- 1090 X3 = X3 + 40
- 1100 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; BU1U2E2R16H19U4E2R20F2D2G2"
- 1110 DRAW "L16F19D4G2L20H2BR2BU1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
- 1120 ' "I"
- 1130 X3 = X3 + 32
- 1140 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R4D30L4BE1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
- 1150 ' "S"
- 1160 X3 = X3 + 14
- 1170 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; BU1U2E2R16H19U4E2R20F2D2G2"
- 1180 DRAW "L16F19D4G2L2OH2BR2BU1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
- 1190 NEXT I
- 1200 LOCATE 22,4
- 1210 INPUT "WOULD YOU LIKE INSTRUCTIONS (Y/N)"; Z\$
- 1220 IF Z\$ = "Y" OR Z\$ = "y" THEN GOTO 1240
- 1230 GOTO 2000
- 1240 SCREEN 0
- 1250 WIDTH 80
- 1260 COLOR 15,1
- 1270 CLS
- 1280 PRINT
- 1290 PRINT TAB(15) "THIS IS A MENU DRIVEN PROGRAM THAT WILL ALLOW YOU TO"
- 1300 PRINT TAB(10) "EVALUATE DIFFERENT HELICOPTER CONFIGURATIONS AND DETERMINE"
- 1310 PRINT TAB(10) "THEIR LIFT AND DRAG COEFFICIENTS AND THEIR EQUIVALENT FLAT"
- 1320 PRINT TAB(10) "PLATE AREA. THE DATA GENERATED DURING THE TUNNEL RUNS WILL"
- 1330 PRINT TAB(10) "BE USED WITH THIS PROGRAM."
- 1340 PRINT TAB(15) "THE FIRST OPTION IS USED TO RECORD THE DATA DURING"
- 1350 PRINT TAB(10) "THE TUNNEL RUNS. THE SECOND OPTION CONVERTS THE RECORDED"
- 1360 PRINT TAB(10) "RAW COUNTS TO FORCES AND MOMENTS. YOU WILL HAVE THE CHANCE"
- 1370 PRINT TAB(10) "TO PROVIDE NAMES FOR EACH OF THESE FILES AS YOU GO ALONG."
- 1380 PRINT TAB(10) "THE THIRD OPTION LETS YOU EXAMINE THE FORCES RECORDED. IT"
- 1390 PRINT TAB(10) "WILL BE OF NO USE TO YOU TO EXAMINE THE RAW COUNTS."
- 1400 PRINT TAB(15) "THE FOURTH OPTION USES THE CONVERTED DATA TO COMPUTE"
- 1410 PRINT TAB(10) "THE DESIRED PARAMETERS. THE DATA MUST BE CONVERTED USING"

- 1420 PRINT TAB(10) "OPTION TWO BEFORE THE PARAMETERS CAN BE CALCULATED. YOU WILL"
- 1430 PRINT TAB(10) "THEN PROVIDE A NAME FOR THE FILES THAT STORE THE CALCULATED"
- 1440 PRINT TAB(10) "PARAMETERS. USING THESE FILE NAMES, THE FIFTH OPTION LETS"
- 1450 PRINT TAB(10)"YOU EXAMINE THE DATA THAT CAN BE PLOTTED."
- 1455 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
- 1456 CLS
- 1460 PRINT TAB(15) "OPTION SIX MUST BE USED TO SORT THE X VALUES BEFORE"
- 1470 PRINT TAB(10) "THEY CAN BE PLOTTED. THE SEVENTH OPTION LETS YOU ADD A GRID"
- 1480 PRINT TAB(10) "TO THE PLOT AND ALSO MARK THE DATA POINTS. THE PLOTTING IS"
- 1490 PRINT TAB(10)"IS EXECUTED WITH THE EIGHTH OPTION.
  YOU CAN PLOT UP TO"
- 1500 PRINT TAB(10) "THREE CURVES PER PLOT AND RECEIVE A HARD COPY BY PRESSING"
- 1510 PRINT TAB(10) "THE CTRL-PRTSC BUTTONS. THE FINAL OPTION TERMINATES THIS"
- 1520 PRINT TAB(10) "PROGRAM."
- 1530 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
- 2000 '-----PLOTTER SET-UP-----
- 2010 SCREEN 0: WIDTH 80: COLOR 14,0,7: CLS: LOCATE 10,1
- 2020 PRINT "WHICH DISK DRIVE DO YOU WANT TO STORE YOUR DATA FILES ON";
- 2030 PRINT
- 2040 PRINT "DRIVE A IS EITHER ON YOUR LEFT OR ON TOP"
- 2050 PRINT "DRIVE B IS EITHER ON YOUR RIGHT OR ON THE BOTTOM"
- 2070 PRINT
- 2080 INPUT "ENTER [ A OR B ]"; FD\$: FD\$=FD\$+":" : PD\$="C:"
- 2090 GRD\$="NO GRID": MRK\$="MARK "
- 2100 OPT\$="CURVE"
- 2110 GOSUB 2230
- 2120 GOSUB 2400
- 2130 X%=5+DX%: Y%=12: LOCATE X%, Y%, 1, 0, 7
- 2140 FIRST%=5: LAST%=13
- 2150 ANS\$=INKEY\$: IF ANS\$="" THEN 2150
- 2160 IF ANS\$=CHR\$(0)+CHR\$(80) THEN IF X%<LAST% THEN X%= X%+1 ELSE X%=FIRST%
- 2170 IF ANS\$=CHR\$(0)+CHR\$(72) THEN IF X%>FIRST% THEN X%= X%-1 ELSE X%=LAST%
- 2180 LOCATE X%, Y%: IF ANS\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 2150
- 2190 FLAG1%=CSRLIN: FLAG1%=FLAG1%-4
- 2200 ON FLAG1% GOSUB 3120,2740,2630,2800,2680,3170,2870, 3550,3680
- 2210 IF FLAG1%<>1 THEN GOTO 2120 ELSE GOTO 2130

```
2220 '-----INITIALIZING CONSTANTS------
2230 DIM X(300), B(300), C(300), D(300), Y(300)
2240 DIM FILESTK$(10)
2250 OUT 985,6
2260 SX%=5: SY%=55
2270 M$="COMMAND :"
                                                11
2280 BLANK$="
2290 B$="
2300 SCREEN 0,1: CLS
2310 HDPOS%=48
2320 KEY(1) ON: ON KEY (1) GOSUB 2350
2330 RETURN
2340 '-----CHANGE FOREGROUND COLORS------
2350 FG%=FG%+1
2360 IF FG%>15 THEN FG%=1
2370 OUT 985,FG%
2380 RETURN
2390 '-----PRINT MAIN OPTION MENU-----
2400 SCREEN 0,1: COLOR 14,0,7: CLS: LOCATE 3,1
2410 PRINT TAB(5) "******
                               MAIN OPTIONS MENU
    *******
2420 PRINT
2430 PRINT TAB(5)
                         RECORD TUNNNEL DATA
           *11
2440 PRINT TAB(5)
                           REDUCE RAW TUNNEL DATA
           *11
2450 PRINT TAB(5)
                            EXAMINE DATA FILE FOR TUNNEL
          * !!
     DATA
2460 PRINT TAB(5)
                           CALCULATE Cd, Cl, AND E.F.P.A.
           *11
2470 PRINT TAB(5)
                            EXAMINE DATA FILE FOR PLOTTI
           *11
     NG
2480 PRINT TAB(5)
                           SORT X VALUES
           *11
2490 PRINT TAB(5)
                            PLOTTING OPTION MENU
           * 11
2500 PRINT TAB(5)
                           DO PLOTTING
           * II
                         _ EXIT
2510 PRINT TAB(5)
           * 11
2520 PRINT
2530 PRINT TAB(5) "**************************
     ******
2540 LOCATE 3,65,1: PRINT "STATUS"
2550 LOCATE 4,55 : PRINT "-----"
2560 LOCATE SX%,SY% : PRINT "DATA FILE DRIVE = "+FD$
2570 LOCATE SX%+2,SY% : PRINT "USER OPTIONS
2580 LOCATE SX%+3,SY% : PRINT OPT$
2590 LOCATE SX%+4,SY% : PRINT GRD$
2600 LOCATE SX%+5,SY% : PRINT MRK$
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
2610 RETURN
2620 '---DATA EDITOR FOR TUNNEL DATA-----
2630 CHAINFILE$ = PD$+"ADATA.BAS"
2640 DX%=2
2650 COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
2660 CHAIN CHAINFILES
2670 RETURN
2680 '---DATA EDITOR FOR PLOTTING DATA-----
2690 CHAINFILE$ = PD$+"BDATA.BAS"
2700 DX%=5
2710 COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
2720 CHAIN CHAINFILES
2730 RETURN
2740 '----DATA REDUCTION-----
2750 CHAINFILE$ = PD$+"RED.BAS"
2760 DX%=3
2770 COMMON PD$, FD$, DX%
2780 CHAIN CHAINFILES
2790 RETURN
2800 '----CALCULATE ROUTINE-----
2810 CHAINFILE$ = PD$ + "COMP.BAS"
2820 DX%=4
2830 COMMON PD$, FD$, DX%
2840 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
2850 REUTRN
2860 '----PLOTTING OPTION MENU-----
2870 CLS: SCREEN 0,1: LOCATE 6,1
2880 PRINT TAB(20) "***** PLOTTING OPTION MENU
                                                    ***
     ***!
2890 PRINT
2900 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                              GRID & MARK
       * 11
2910 PRINT TAB(200 "*
                              GRID & NO MARK
2920 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                           NO GRID & MARK
       *11
2930 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                           NO GRID & NO MARK
2940 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                           EXIT
       *11
2950 PRINT
2960 PRINT TAB(20) "***********************
     ***!
2970 X%=8: Y%=27: LOCATE X%, Y%, 1, 0, 7
2980 FIRST%=8: LAST%=12
2990 ANS$=INKEY$: IF ANS$="" THEN 2990
3000 IF ANS$=CHR$(0)+CHR$(80) THEN IF X%<LAST% THEN X%=
     X%+1 ELSE X%=FIRST%
3010 IF ANS$=CHR$(0)+CHR$(72) THEN IF X%>FIRST% THEN X%=
     X%+1 ELSE X%=LAST%
```

```
3020 LOCATE X%,Y%: IF ANS$<>CHR$(13) THEN 2990
3030 FLAG%=CSRLIN: FLAG%=FLAG%-7
3040 ON FLAG% GOSUB 3070,3080,3090,3100,3110
3050 DX%=7
3060 RETURN
3070 GRD$="GRID": MRK$="MARK": RETURN 3080 GRD$="GRID": MRK$="NO MARK": RETURN
3090 GRD$="NO GRID": MRK$="MARK " : RETURN
3100 GRD$="NO GRID": MRK$="NO MARK" : RETURN
3110 RETURN
3120 '----RECORD TUNNEL DATA-----
3130 CHAINFILE$ = PD$ + "RUNS.BAS"
3140 DX%=1
3145 COMMON PD$,FD$,DX%
3150 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
3155 RETURN
3160 '----SORTING-----
3170 CLS: INPUT "ENTER NAME OF FILE TO BE SORTED"; FILE $:
    FILE$=FD$+FILE$
3180 PRINT "READING FILE "+FILE$+"...": BEEP
3190 GOSUB 3370
3200 PRINT "SORTING"
3210 L%=2: K%=NOD%-1: R%=NOD%
3220 WHILE (L%<=R%)
3230 FOR J%=R% TO L% STEP -1
3240
         IF (X(J^{*-1})>X(J^{*})) THEN SWAP X(J^{*}),X(J^{*-1}): SWAP
    Y(J%), Y(J%-1): K%=J%
3250
        NEXT
3260 L%=K%-1
3270 FOR J\% = L\% TO R%
3280
         IF (X(J^{*}-1)>X(J^{*})) THEN SWAP X(J^{*}), X(J^{*}-1): SWAP
    Y(J%),Y(J%-1): K%=J%
3290
        NEXT
3300 R%=K%+1
3310
      WEND
3320 CLS:BEEP
3330 PRINT "SORTED FILE "; FILE $; " BEING SAVED ...": GOSUB
     3460
3340 DX%=6
3350 RETURN
3360 '----READING A FILE-----
3370 OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
3380 INPUT #2, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
3390 INPUT #2,Q
       FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
3400
3410
           INPUT #2,Y(J),X(J)
3420
           NEXT
3430 CLOSE #2
3440 RETURN
3450 '----SAVE A FILE-----
```

```
3460 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
3470 WRITE #1, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
3480 WRITE #1,Q
3490 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
          WRITE \#1,Y(J),X(J)
3500
3510
          NEXT
3520 CLOSE #1
3530 RETURN
3540 '----INITIALIZING PLOTTER-----
3550 CLS: INPUT "NUMBER OF DATA FILE(S) TO BE PLOTTED ON
     THE SAME PLOT ="; NOF%
3560 PRINT "ENTER FILE NAME (S) :":BEEP
3570 FOR I% = 1 TO NOF%
       PRINT "FILE #";:PRINT USING "##"; 1%; : INPUT " =";
3580
     FILES
3590
      FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
3600
      FILESTK$(I%) = FILE$
      PRINT "HOW DO YOU WANT THIS CURVE PLOTTED ? ENTER
3601
      (POINT) TO JUST PLOT"
      INPUT "THE POINTS OR (CURVE) TO PRODUCE A CURVE
3602
      FIT"; OPT$
3610
      CURVE$(I%) = OPT$
3620 NEXT
3630 PFILES = PDS+"MAIN.BAS": FILE2S= PDS + "PLOTTER.BAS"
3640 SL% = 100
3650 CHAIN FILE2$,30,ALL
3660 DX%=8
3670 RETURN
3680 CLS:
3690 LOCATE 10,5: PRINT "PROGRAM TERMINATED, REMOVE DATA
     FILES FROM DISK DRIVE"
3700 LOCATE 11,5: PRINT "AND SECURE COPMUTER AND AMPLIFIE
      SII
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

3710 END

```
10 'NAME: Data Acquisition And Control (DAAC)
20 '
           HEADER for BASICA
30 '
40 'FILE NAME: DACHDR.BAS
50 '
60 'DOS DEVICE NAME: DAAC
70 '
80 'RESERVED FUNCTION NAMES:
              AINM, AINS, AINSC, AOUM, AOUS,
90 '
100 '
                BINM, BINS, BITINS, BITOUS, BOUM, BOUS,
110 '
                CINM, CINS, CSET, DELAY
120 'RESERVED DEF SEG VALUE NAME: DSEG
130 '
140 'NAMES DEFINED AND USED BY HEADER:
                ADAPT%, AI, COUNT, FOUND%,
150 '
160 '
                HNAME$, SG%, STAT%
170 '
180 '
190 'When using the BASICA Interpreter, this header
200 'must be executed before any function calls are
210 'made that access the DAAC adapter. It initializes
220 'a number of variables for each function call. These
230 'variables are reserved and should not be used except
240 'to access the DAAC adapter. This routine also does a
250 'DEF SEG to the segment where the DAAC Device Driver
260 '(DAC.COM) is loaded. If you execute a DEF SEG to
270 'access other hardware, you must DEF SEG to the segment
280 'of the DAAC Device Driver before any subsequent
290 'calls to access the DAAC adapter.
300 '
310 '
320 \text{ FOUND}\% = 0
330 \text{ SG}\% = \&\text{H2E}
340 'Start searching the interrupt vectors until you find
350 'one that points to the DAAC device driver.
360 'Do a DEF SEG to that segment.
370 WHILE ((SG% \leq &H3E) AND (FOUND% = 0))
380
          DEF SEG = 0
390
          DSEG = PEEK(SG%) + PEEK(SG% + 1) * 256
 400
          DEF SEG = DSEG
 410
          HNAME$=""
420
          FOR AI=10 TO 17
                   HNAME$ = HNAME$ + CHR$(PEEK(AI))
 430
         NEXT AI
 440
           IF HNAME$ = "DAAC " AND PEEK(18) + PEEK(19) <>
 450
           0 \text{ THEN FOUND} = 1
 460
           SG\% = SG\% + 4
 470 WEND
 480 IF FOUND% = 0 THEN PRINT "ERROR: DEVICE DRIVER DAC.COM
     NOT FOUND" : END
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS - Data Acquisition Program

```
490 'Now initialize all function name variables for calls
500 'to access the device driver.
660 'Finally, execute any call to re-initialize the
670 'device driver from any former invocation of BASIC.
680 \text{ ADAPT}\% = 0
690 \text{ COUNT} = 1
700 \text{ STAT}\% = 0
710 CALL DELAY (ADAPT%, COUNT, STAT%)
720 '
730 'End of DAAC BASICA Header
740 '
750
       REM-- RUNS.BAS; PROGRAM TO RECORD THE DATA FROM
     WIND
760
        REM-- TUNNEL RUNS
        KEY OFF: COLOR 15,1,4: CLS
770
780
       CLS
      PRINT: PRINT
790
800
       PRINT TAB(10) "HELO CONFIGURATIONS"
PRINT: PRINT

820 PRINT TAB(5) "1. ATTACK NOSE, STRAIGHT TAIL"

830 PRINT TAB(5) "2. ATTACK NOSE, LOW TAIL"

840 PRINT TAB(5) "3. ATTACK NOSE, HIGH TAIL"
850 PRINT TAB(5) "4. SMOOTH NOSE, STRAIGHT TAIL"
860 PRINT TAB(5) "5. SMOOTH NOSE, LOW TAIL"
870 PRINT TAB(5) "6. SMOOTH NOSE, HIGH TAIL"
880 PRINT TAB(5) "7. BLUNT NOSE, STRAIGHT TAIL"
890 PRINT TAB(5) "8. BLUNT NOSE, LOW TAIL"
     PRINT TAB(5) "9. BLUNT NOSE, HIGH TAIL"
PRINT: PRINT
 900
 910
 920
      INPUT "WHICH CONFIGURATION IS BEING RUN"; N
      PRINT
930
      INPUT "DOES CONFIGURATION INCLUDE LANDING GEAR"; Z$
 940
       ON N GOSUB 4550,4620,4690,4750,4820,4870,4920,4990,
 950
       5040
      '---- WEIGHTS ARE IN POUNDS-----
 955
```

```
960
      IF CONF = 10
                     THEN W = 22.7892
      IF CONF = 15
                     THEN W = 23.4623
970
      IF CONF = 20
                     THEN W = 24.6945
980
990
      IF CONF = 25
                     THEN W = 25.3676
       IF CONF = 30 THEN W = 24.6945
1000
       IF CONF = 35 THEN W = 25.3676
1010
       IF CONF = 40 THEN W = 20.8134
1020
      IF CONF = 45 THEN W = 21.5866
1030
       IF CONF = 50 THEN W = 22.7187
1040
      IF CONF = 55 THEN W = 23.4913
1050
1060 IF CONF = 60 THEN W = 22.7187
1070
      IF CONF = 65 THEN W = 23.4913
       IF CONF = 70 THEN W = 21.3315
1080
      IF CONF = 75 THEN W = 23.2892
1090
       IF CONF = 80 THEN W = 23.2368
1100
1110
      IF CONF = 85 THEN W = 25.1945
1120
       IF CONF = 90 THEN W = 23.2368
      IF CONF = 95 THEN W = 25.1945
1130
1140
       CLS
1150
      REM----RECORD TUNNEL DATA-----
l160 DIM L(100),D(100),Y(100),PM(100),YM(100),RM(100),AOA(
     100)
1170 DIM DAT(399), DAT%(399), DAT1(399), DAT1%(399)
1180 COLOR 15,1: KEY OFF: CLS
1190 PRINT "RECORDING OF WIND TUNNEL RAW DATA"
1200 INPUT "WHAT IS THE TUNNEL SPEED (Q) FOR THIS RUN";Q
1210 PRINT
2670 PRINT "WITHOUT THE MODEL IN PLACE, ADJUST THE ZERO
     SET SCREWS TO ZERO"
2671 PRINT "OUT EACH AMPLIFIER. AFTER ALL AMPLIFIERS ARE
     ZEROED, LOAD THE"
2672 PRINT "MODEL ONTO THE STING. WHEN THE MODEL IS
     MOUNTED, PRESS RETURN"
2673 INPUT "TO RECORD A NO FORCE ZERO READING"; N
2690 PRINT: PRINT "
                     ZD
                              ZL
                                       ZY
                                                           ZYM
                                                  ZPM
     ZRM
              ZAOA"
2700 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
2710 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
2720 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
     ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
2730 \text{ ZD} = 0:\text{ZPM}=0:\text{ZL}=0:\text{ZYM}=0
2740 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
     STAT%: END
2750 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP } 4
2760 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
2770 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD} + \text{DAT}(J)
2780 NEXT J
2790 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD}/100
2800 FOR J = 1 TO 397 STEP 4
2810 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8)-10
```

```
2820 ZL = ZL + DAT(J)
2830 NEXT J
2840 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
2850 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
2860 \text{ ZPM} = \text{ZPM} + \text{DAT}(J)
2870 NEXT J
2880 FOR J = 3 TO 399 STEP 4
2890 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8)-10
2900 \text{ ZYM} = \text{ZYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
2910 NEXT J
2920 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
2930 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=2
2940 CALL AINSC (ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
2950 ZY =0:ZRM=0:ZAOA=0
2960 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
     STAT%: END
2970 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 297 \text{ STEP } 3
2980 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) -10
2990 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM} + \text{DATl}(J)
3000 NEXT J
3010 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM}/100
3020 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 298 \text{ STEP } 3
3030 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) - 10
3040 \text{ ZY} = \text{ZY} + \text{DAT1}(J)
3050 NEXT J
3051 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 299 \text{ STEP } 3
3052 \text{ DAT1}(J) = (DAT1\%(J)/204.8) - 10
3053 \text{ ZAOA} = \text{ZAOA} + \text{DAT1}(J)
3054 NEXT J
3060 ZL=ZL/100:ZPM=ZPM/100:ZYM=ZYM/100:ZY=ZY/100:ZAOA=ZAOA
      /100
3070 LOCATE 11,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; ZD: LOCATE 11,10:
      PRINT USING "+#.###";ZL
3080 LOCATE 11,19: PRINT USING "+#.###";ZY
3090 LOCATE 11,28: PRINT USING "+#.###";ZPM
3100 LOCATE 11,37: PRINT USING "+#.###";ZYM
3110 LOCATE 11,46: PRINT USING "+#.###"; ZRM
3111 LOCATE 11,55: PRINT USING "+#.###"; ZAOA
3120 REM
3130 PRINT: PRINT
3140 INPUT "AFTER PLACING ALL CAL SWITCHES TO + SETTING HIT
      RETURN"; X
3150 PRINT
3160 PRINT " CALD
                       \mathtt{CLL}
                                 CALY
                                            CALPM
                                                         CALYM
      CALRM CALAOA"
3170 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
3180 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
3190 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
```

```
3200 CALD=0:CLL=0:CALYM=0:CALPM=0
3210 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###"
      ;STAT%: END
3220 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP } 4
3230 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
3240 CALD =CALD + DAT(J)
3250 NEXT J
3260 \text{ CALD} = \text{CALD}/100
3270 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 397 \text{ STEP } 4
3280 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8)-10
3290 \text{ CLL} = \text{CLL} + \text{DAT}(J)
3300 NEXT J
3310 FOR J = 2 TO 398 STEP 4
3320 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
3330 CALPM = CALPM + DAT(J)
3340 NEXT J
3350 FOR J = 3 TO 399 STEP 4
3360 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8)-10
3370 \text{ CALYM} = \text{CALYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
3380 NEXT J
3390 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
3400 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=2
3410 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
3420 CALY =0:CALRM=0:CALAOA=0
3430 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
3440 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 297 \text{ STEP} 3
3450 \text{ DAT1}(J) = (DAT1\%(J)/204.8) - 10
3460 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM} + \text{DATI}(J)
3470 NEXT J
3480 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM}/100
3490 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 298 \text{ STEP } 3
3500 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
3510 \text{ CALY} = \text{CALY} + \text{DATI}(J)
3520 NEXT J
3521 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 299 \text{ STEP } 3
3522 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
3523 CALAOA = CALAOA + DAT1(J)
3524 NEXT J
3530 CLL=CLL/100:CALPM=CALPM/100:CALYM=CALYM/100:CALY=CALY
      /100:CALAOA=CALAOA/100
3540 LOCATE 18,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALD
3550 LOCATE 18,10: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CLL
3560 LOCATE 18,19: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALY
3570 LOCATE 18,28: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALPM
3580 LOCATE 18,37: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALYM
3590 LOCATE 18,46: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALRM
3591 LOCATE 18,55: PRINT USING "+#.##"; CALAOA
3592 INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
```

- 3593 CLS
- 3600 PRINT: PRINT "REPLACE THE CAL SWITCHES TO THE CENTER POSITION"
- 3610 PRINT "AFTER YOU HAVE GOTTEN THE WIND TUNNEL UP TO SPEED AND ARE READY"
- 3620 PRINT "TO RECORD DATA PRESS RETURN. ONCE THE HEADINGS ARE PRINTED THE"
- 3630 PRINT "F2 KEY WILL RECORD THE DATA. THE F1 KEY WILL SAVE THE DATA AND "
- 3640 PRINT "RERUN YOU TO THE MAIN MENU. YOU CAN TAKE READ INGS FOR ANY ANGLE"
- 3650 PRINT "OF ATTACK BETWEEN +10 AND -8 DEGREES."
- 3651 PRINT
- 3652 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM CORRECTS FOR DRIFT IN THE BALANCE AND AMPLIFIERS."
- 3653 PRINT "YOUR FIRST AND LAST DATA POINTS SHOULD BE TAKEN AT ZERO ANGLE OF"
- 3654 PRINT "ATTACK. ALSO, DO NOT TAKE MORE THAN ONE DATA POINT FOR THE SAME "
- 3655 PRINT "ANGLE OF ATTACK EXCEPT FOR YOUR FIRST AND LAST DATA POINT. YOU"
- 3656 PRINT "ARE LIMITED TO 100 DATA POINTS. REMEMBER, EACH RUN IS FOR ONE"
- 3657 PRINT "SPECIFIC 'Q' SETTING"
- 3660 INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
- 3670 CLS
- 3680 PRINT " DRAG LIFT YAW PITCH YAW ROLL AOA TUNNEL" ROLL
- 3690 PRINT " MOM. MOM. MOM. SPEED"
- 3700 SOAP = 0: N=4
- 3710 FOR K = 1 TO 100
- 3720 ON KEY(1) GOSUB 3820 'SET STOP FLAG 3730 ON KEY(2) GOSUB 3850 'RECORD DATA
- 3740 KEY(1) ON: KEY(2) ON
- 3750 IF SOAP = 2 THEN GOTO 3780
- 3760 IF SOAP = 1 THEN GOTO 4370
- 3770 GOTO 3720
- 3780 SOAP = 0
- 3790 NOD% = K
- 3800 NEXT K
- 3810 GOTO 4370
- 3820 REM SET STOP FLAG
- 3830 SOAP = 1
- 3840 RETURN
- 3850 REM STEPS TO RECORD DATA
- 3860 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
- 3870 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
- 3880 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE% ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)

```
3890 D(K) = 0:L(K) = 0:YM(K) = 0:PM(K) = 0
3900 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
3910 FOR J = 0 TO 396 STEP 4
3920 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8)-10
3930 D(K) = D(K) + DAT(J)
3940 NEXT J
3950 D(K) = D(K)/100
3960 FOR J = 1 TO 397 STEP 4
3970 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
3980 L(K) = L(K) + DAT(J)
3990 NEXT J
4000 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
4010 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) -10
4020 \text{ PM}(K) = \text{PM}(K) + \text{DAT}(J)
4030 NEXT J
4040 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
4041 \text{ DAT}(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
4050 \text{ YM}(K) = \text{YM}(K) + \text{DAT}(J)
4060 NEXT J
4070 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
4080 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=2
4090 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
4100 \text{ Y(K)} = 0:\text{RM(K)} = 0:\text{AOA(K)} = 0
4110 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
4120 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 297 \text{ STEP } 3
4130 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) -10
4140 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K) + \text{DATI}(J)
4150 NEXT J
4160 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K)/100
4170 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 298 \text{ STEP } 3
4180 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) -10
4190 Y(K) = Y(K) + DATI(J)
4200 NEXT J
4210 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 299 \text{ STEP } 3
4220 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) -10
4230 \text{ AOA}(K) = \text{AOA}(K) + \text{DATI}(J)
4240 NEXT J
4250 \text{ AOA}(K) = \text{AOA}(K) / 100: L(K) = L(K) / 100: PM(K) = PM(K) / 100: YM(K)
      =YM(K)/100:Y(K)=Y(K)/100
4255 B = AOA(K) - ZAOA
4256 \text{ AOA}(K) = (5.8469*B) + (.0077583*(B^2))
4260 IF N> 23 THEN N=4:CLS:PRINT " DRAG
                                                       LIFT
                                                                    YAW
                                                      TUNNEL": PRINT "
      PITCH
                   YAW
                             ROLL
                                        AOA
                                        MOM.
                                                                SPEED"
                 MOM.
                             MOM.
4270 LOCATE N,1: PRINT USING "+#.###";D(K)
4280 LOCATE N,10: PRINT USING "+#.###"; L(K)
4290 LOCATE N,19: PRINT USING "+#.##";Y(K)
```

```
4300 LOCATE N,28: PRINT USING "+#.###"; PM(K)
4310 LOCATE N,37: PRINT USING "+#.###";YM(K)
4320 LOCATE N,46: PRINT USING "+#.###"; RM(K)
4330 LOCATE N,55: PRINT USING "+#.###"; AOA(K)
4340 N=N+1
4350 \text{ SOAP} = 2
4360 RETURN
4370 \text{ SOAP} = 0
4371 '---CORRECT FOR DRIFT-----
4372 DIFFL = (L(NOD^*)-L(1)): DIFFD=(D(NOD^*)-D(1)): DIFFY=(Y(
     NOD%) - Y(1)
4373 DIFFPM=(PM(NOD%)-PM(1)):DIFFYM=(YM(NOD%)-YM(1)):DIFFR
     M = (RM(NOD%) - RM(1)) : DIFFAOA = (AOA(NOD%) - AOA(1))
4374 D=NOD%-1
4375 CORL=DIFFL/D:CORD=DIFFD/D:CORY=DIFFY/D:CORPM=DIFFPM/D
     :CORYM=DIFFYM/D:CORRM=DIFFRM/D:CORAOA=DIFFAOA/D
4376 A=1
4377 FOR K = 2 TO NOD%
4378
       L(K) = L(K) - (A*CORL)
4379
      D(K) = D(K) - (A*CORD)
4380 Y(K)=Y(K)-(A*CORY)

4381 PM(K)=PM(K)-(A*CORPM)

4382 YM(K)=YM(K)-(A*CORYM)

4383 RM(K)=RM(K)-(A*CORRM)
4385
      A = A+1
4386 NEXT K
4387 '----SAVE DATA TO FILE----
4390 CLS: PRINT
4400 INPUT "WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE THE RAW
     DATA"; FILE$
4410 FILES=FDS+FILES
4420 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
4421 WRITE #1, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
4430 WRITE #1,Q,W
4470 WRITE #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
4480 WRITE #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
4490
         FOR J=1 TO NOD%
4500
           WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),AOA(J)
4510
4520 CLOSE #1
4521 CLS:PRINT "DO YOU WANT TO TAKE ANOTHER SET OF DATA
     POINTS FOR THE SAME"
4522 INPUT "CONFIGURATION BUT A DIFFERENT 'O' SETTING (Y/N
     )";ANS$
4523 IF ANS$="Y" OR ANS$="y" THEN GOTO 4524 ELSE GOTO 4530
4524 PRINT: INPUT "WHAT IS THE 'Q' VALUE FOR THIS RUN";Q
4525 GOTO 3610
4530 '---RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM
4531 COMMON PD$, FD$, DX%
4532 CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
```

```
4540
       REM----SUBROUTINES FOR CONFIGURATION MARKING-----
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4590
4550
       CONF = 10
4560
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4570
4580
       GOTO 4610
4590
       CONF = 15
       CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITH GEAR"
4600
4610
       RETURN
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4660
4620
4630
       CONF = 20
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/LOW TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4640
4650
       GOTO 4680
4660
      CONF = 25
4670
       CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/LOW TAIL WITH GEAR"
4680
       RETURN
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4730
4690
4700
       CONF = 30
4710
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4720
      GOTO 4740
4730
      CONF = 35: CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITH GEAR"
4740
       RETURN
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4790
4750
4760
       CONF = 40
4770
       CONFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4780
      GOTO 4810
4790
      CONF = 45
4800
       CINFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITH GEAR"
4810
      RETURN
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "v" THEN GOTO 4850
4820
4830
       CONF=50:CONFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/LOW TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4840
       GOTO 4860
       CONF = 55: CINFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/LOW TAIL WITH GEAR"
4850
4860
       RETURN
       IF ZS = "Y" OR ZS = "y" THEN GOTO 4900
4870
       CONF=60:CONFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4880
4890
       GOTO 4910
4900
       CONF = 65: CINFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITH GEAR"
4910
       RETURN
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4960
4920
       CONF = 70
4930
4940
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4950
       GOTO 4980
       CONF = 75
4960
       CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITH GEAR"
4970
4980
       RETURN
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "v" THEN GOTO 5020
4990
5000
       CONF = 80:CONFIG$="BLUNT NOSE/LOW TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
5010
       GOTO 5030
5020
       CONF = 85: CINFIG$="BLUNT NOSE/LOW TAIL WITH GEAR"
```

5030

RETURN

5040 5050	IF Z\$ = "Y" OR Z\$ = "Y" THEN GOTO 5070 CONF=90:CONFIG\$="BLUNT NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
5060	GOTO 5080
5070 5080	CONF = 95: CINFIG\$="SMOOT NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITH GEAR" RETURN

```
30
     REM
40
     COLOR 15,1:KEY OFF: CLS
     DIM L(100), L1(100), L2(100), D(100), D1(100), D2(100),
45
      (100), Y1(100), Y2(100)
     DIM PM(100), PM1(100), PM2(100), YM(100), YM1(100), YM2(10
46
     0),RM(100),RM1(100),RM2(100)
     DIM LF(100), DF(100), AOA(100)
47
     PRINT: PRINT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF THE FILE THAT CONTAINS
50
     THE RAW DATA"
     INPUT"THAT YOU WISH TO CONVERT"; FILE$
60
70
     FILES=FDS+FILES
     '----READ IN RAW DATA FILE----
80
     OPEN FILES FOR INPUT AS #1
90
100
     INPUT #1, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
     INPUT #1,Q,W
110
     INPUT #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
150
160
     INPUT #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
170
        FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
180
        INPUT \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),AOA(J)
190
        NEXT J
200
     CLOSE #1
     PRINT: PRINT"PLEASE WAIT WHILE PERFORMING CONVERSION"
210
211
     PRINT "THE CONVERSION WILL TAKE APPROXIMATELY TEN MIN
     UTES FOR "
212
     PRINT "TWENTY DATA POINTS"
220
     '----READ IN CALIBRATION CONSTANTS-----
     OPEN "C:CONST" FOR INPUT AS #1
221
222
     INPUT #1,INCALL,INCALD,INCALY,INCALPM,INCALYM,INCALRM
240
     INPUT #1,K1LPOS,K2LPOS,K1DPOS,K2DPOS,K1YPOS,K2YPOS
250
     INPUT #1,K1PMPOS,K2PMPOS,K1YMPOS,K2YMPOS,K1RMPOS,
     K2RMPOS
260
     INPUT #1, K1LNEG, K2LNEG, K1DNEG, K2DNEG, K1YNEG, K2YNEG
270
     INPUT #1, K1PMNEG, K2PMNEG, K1YMNEG, K2YMNEG, K1RMNEG,
     K2RMNEG
280
     INPUT #1,DDDL1P,DDDL2P,DYDL1P,DYDL2P,DPMDL1P,DPMDL2P,
     DYMDL1P, DYMDL2P
     INPUT #1,DRMDL1P,DRMDL2P
290
300
     INPUT #1, DLDD1P, DLDD2P, DYDD1P, DYDD2P, DPMDD1P, DPMDD2P,
     DYMDD1P, DYMDD2P
310
     INPUT #1,DRMDD1P,DRMDD2P
320
     INPUT #1,DLDY1P,DLDY2P,DDDY1P,DDDY2P,DPMDY1P,DPMDY2P,
     DYMDY1P, DYMDY2P
330
     INPUT #1,DRMDY1P,DRMDY2P
340
     INPUT #1,DLDPM1P,DLDPM2P,DDDPM1P,DDDPM2P,DYDPM1P,DYDP
     M2P, DYMDPM1P, DYMDPM2P
350
     INPUT #1,DRMDPM1P,DRMDPM2P
     INPUT #1, DLDYM1P, DLDYM2P, DDDYM1P, DDDYM2P, DYDYM1P, DYDY
360
     M2P, DPMDYM1P, DPMDYM2P
```

REM----RED.BAS (CONVERT RAW COUNTS TO FORCES)----

10

20

REM

Figure A.11 RED.BAS - Data Reduction Program

```
370
     INPUT #1, DRMDYM1P, DRMDYM2P
380
     INPUT #1,DLDRM1P,DLDRM2P,DDDRM1P,DDDRM2P,DYDRM1P,DYDR
     M2P, DPMDRM1P, DPMDRM2P
     INPUT #1,DYMDRM1P,DYMDRM2P
390
     INPUT #1,DDDL1N,DDDL2N,DYDL1N,DYDL2N,DPMDL1N,DPMDL2N,
400
     DYMDL1N, DYMDL2N
410
     INPUT #1,DRMDL1N,DRMDL2N
420
     INPUT #1,DLDD1N,DLDD2N,DYDD1N,DYDD2N,DPMDD1N,DPMDD2N,
     DYMDD1N, DYMDD2N
     INPUT #1, DRMDD1N, DRMDD2N
430
440
     INPUT #1, DLDY1N, DLDY2N, DDDY1N, DDDY2N, DPMDY1N, DPMDY2N,
     DYMDY1N, DYMDY2N
     INPUT #1,DRMDY1N,DRMDY2N
450
460
     INPUT #1, DLDPM1N, DLDPM2N, DDDPM1N, DDDPM2N, DYDPM1N, DYDP
     M2N, DYMDPM1N
470
     INPUT #1, DYMDPM2N, DRMDPM1N, DRMDPM2N
     INPUT #1, DLDYM1N, DLDYM2N, DDDYM1N, DDDYM2N, DYDYM1N, DYDY
480
     M2N, DPMDYM1N
     INPUT #1, DPMDYM2N, DRMDYM1N, DRMDYM2N
490
500
     INPUT #1, DLDRM1N, DLDRM2N, DDDRM1N, DDDRM2N, DYDRM1N, DYDR
     M2N, DPMDRM1N
     INPUT #1, DPMDRM2N, DYMDRM1N, DYMDRM2N
510
520
     CLOSE #1
     '----CONVERT RAW COUNTS TO FORCES-----
530
540
     FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
550
     A = ((INCALL/(CLL-ZL))*(L(J)-ZL))
     B = ((INCALD/(CALD-ZD))*(D(J)-ZD))
560
570
     C = ((INCALY/(CALY-ZY))*(Y(J)-ZY))
580
     D = ((INCALPM/(CALPM-ZPM)) * (PM(J)-ZPM))
     E=((INCALYM/(CALYM-ZYM))*(YM(J)-ZYM))
590
600
    F = ((INCALRM/(CALRM-ZRM))*(RM(J)-ZRM))
610
         IF A <= 0 THEN K1=K1LNEG: K2=K2LNEG
                                               ELSE K1=K1LPOS
     :K2=K2LPOS
615
         L(J) = (K1*A) + (K2*A^2)
         IF B <= 0 THEN K1=K1DNEG: K2=K2DNEG ELSE K1=K1DPOS
620
     :K2=K2DPOS
625
         D(J) = (K1*B) + (K2*B^2)
         IF C <= 0 THEN K1=K1YNEG: K2=K2YNEG ELSE K1=K1YPOS
630
635
         Y(J) = (K1*C) + (K2*C^2)
         IF D <= 0 THEN K1=K1PMNEG: K2=K2PMNEG ELSE K1=K1
640
     PMPOS: K2=K2PMPOS
         PM(J) = (K1*D) + (K2*D^2)
645
          IF E <= 0 THEN K1=K1YMNEG: K2=K2YMNEG ELSE K1=K1
650
     YMPOS: K2=K2YMPOS
         YM(J) = (K1*E) + (K2*E^2)
655
         IF F <= 0 THEN K1=K1RMNEG: K2=K2RMNEG ELSE K1=K1
660
     RMPOS: K2=K2RMPOS
         RM(J) = (K1*F) + (K2*F^2)
665
     NEXT J
670
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

'----PERFORM INTERACTON CORRECTIONS----680 690 FOR K = 1 TO NOD% '----FIRST CONSTANT DETERMINATION-----695 IF L(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 710 ELSE GOTO 720 700 DD1=DDDL1P:DD6=DDDL2P:DY1=DYDL1P:DY6=DYDL2P:DPM1=DP 710 MDL1P:DPM6=DPMDL2P:DYM1=DYMDL1P:DYM6=DYMDL2P:DRM1=D RMDL1P:DRM6=DRMDL2P 715 GOTO 730 720 DD1=DDDL1N:DD6=DDDL2N:DY1=DYDL1N:DY6=DYDL2N:DPM1=DP MDL1N:DPM6=DPMDL2N:DYM1=DYMDL1N:DYM6=DYMDL2N:DRM1=D RMDL1N: DRM6=DRMDL2N 730 IF D(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 740 ELSE GOTO 750 740 DL1=DLDD1P:DL6=DLDD2P:DY2=DYDD1P:DY7=DYDD2P:DPM2=DP MDD1P:DPM7=DPMDD2P:DYM2=DYMDD1P:DYM7=DYMDD2P:DRM2=D RMDD1P:DRM7=DRMDD2P 745 GOTO 760 750 DL1=DLDD1N:DL6=DLDD2N:DY2=DYDD1N:DY7=DYDD2N:DPM2=DP MDD1N:DPM7=DPMDD2N:DYM2=DYMDD1N:DYM7=DYMDD2N:DRM2=D RMDD1N: DRM7=DRMDD2N 760 IF Y(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 770 ELSE GOTO 780 770 DL2=DLDY1P:DL7=DLDY2P:DD2=DDDY1P:DD7=DDDY2P:DPM3=DP MDY1P:DPM8=DPMDY2P:DYM3=DYMDY1P:DYM8=DYMDY2P:DRM3=D RMDY1P:DRM8=DRMDY2P 775 GOTO 790 780 DL2=DLDY1N:DL7=DLDY2N:DD2=DDDY1N:DD7=DDDY2N:DPM3=DP MDY1N:DPM8=DPMDY2N:DYM3=DYMDY1N:DYM8=DYMDY2N:DRM3=D RMDY1N: DRM8=DRMDY2N 790 IF PM(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 800 ELSE GOTO 810 800 DL3=DLDPM1P:DL8=DLDPM1P:DD3=DDDPM1P:DD8=DDDPM2P:DY3 =DYDPM1P:DY8=DYDPM2P:DYM4=DYMDPM1P:DYM9=DYMDPM2P:DR M4=DRMDPM1P:DRM9=DRMDPM2P GOTO 820 805 810 DL3=DLDPM1N:DL8=DLDPM1N:DD3=DDDPM1N:DD8=DDDPM2N:DY3 =DYDPM1N:DY8=DYDPM2N:DYM4=DYMDPM1N:DYM9=DYMDPM2N:DR M4=DRMDPM1N:DRM9=DRMDPM2N 820 IF YM(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 830 ELSE GOTO 840 830 DL4=DLDYM1P:DL9=DLDYM2P:DD4=DDDYM1P:DD9=DDDYM2P:DY4 =DYDYM1P:DY9=DYDYM2P:DPM4=DPMDYM1P:DPM9=DPMDYM2P:DR M5=DRMDYM1P:DRM10=DRMDYM2P 835 GOTO 850 840 DL4=DLDYM1N:DL9=DLDYM2N:DD4=DDDYM1N:DD9=DDDYM2N:DY4 =DYDYM1N:DY9=DYDYM2N:DPM4=DPMDYM1N:DPM9=DPMDYM2N:DR M5=DRMDYM1N:DRM10=DRMDYM2N IF RM(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 860 ELSE GOTO 870 850 860 DL5=DLDRM1P:DL10=DLDRM2P:DD5=DDDRM1P:DD10=DDDRM2P:D Y5=DYDRM1P:DY10=DYDRM2P:DPM5=DPMDRM1P:DPM10=DPMDRM2 P: DYM5=DYMDRM1P: DYM10=DYMDRM2P 865 GOTO 880

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

DL5=DLDRM1N:DL10=DLDRM2N:DD5=DDDRM1N:DD10=DDDRM2N:DY5=DYDRM1N:DY10=DYDRM2N:DPM5=DPMDRM1N:DPM10=DPMDRM2

870

```
N: DYM5=DYMDRM1N: DYM10=DYMDRM2N
880 '----FIRST INTERACTION CALCULATION---
890
       L1(K) = L(K) - (DL1*D(K)) - (DL6*(D(K)^2)
       D1(K) = D(K) - (DD1*L(K)) - (DD6*(D(K)^2)
900
950 '----SECOND CONSTANT DETERMINATION-----
960
       IF L1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 970 ELSE GOTO 980
       DD1=DDDL1P:DD6=DDDL2P:DY1=DYDL1P:DY6=DYDL2P:DPM1=DP
970
       MDL1P:DPM6=DPMDL2P:DYM1=DYMDL1P:DYM6=DYMDL2P:DRM1=D
       RMDL1P: DRM6=DRMDL2P
       GOTO 990
975
980
       DD1=DDDL1N:DD6=DDDL2N:DY1=DYDL1N:DY6=DYDL2N:DPM1=DP
       MDL1N: DPM6=DPMDL2N: DYM1=DYMDL1N: DYM6=DYMDL2N: DRM1=D
       RMDL1N: DRM6=DRMDL2N
       IF D1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1000 ELSE GOTO 1010
990
       DL1=DLDD1P:DL6=DLDD2P:DY2=DYDD1P:DY7=DYDD2P:DPM2=DP
1000
       MDD1P:DPM7=DPMDD2P:DYM2=DYMDD1P:DYM7=DYMDD2P:DRM2=D
       RMDD1P:DRM7=DRMDD2P
1005
       GOTO 1020
1010
       DL1=DLDD1N:DL6=DLDD2N:DY2=DYDD1N:DY7=DYDD2N:DPM2=DP
       MDDlN:DPM7=DPMDD2N:DYM2=DYMDDlN:DYM7=DYMDD2N:DRM2=D
       RMDD1N:DRM7=DRMDD2N
1020
       IF Y1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1030 ELSE GOTO 1040
1030
       DL2=DLDY1P:DL7=DLDY2P:DD2=DDDY1P:DD7=DDDY2P:DPM3=DP
       MDY1P:DPM8=DPMDY2P:DYM3=DYMDY1P:DYM8=DYMDY2P:DRM3=D
       RMDY1P:DRM8=DRMDY2P
       GOTO 1050
1035
1040
       DL2=DLDY1N:DL7=DLDY2N:DD2=DDDY1N:DD7=DDDY2N:DPM3=DP
       MDY1N:DPM8=DPMDY2N:DYM3=DYMDY1N:DYM8=DYMDY2N:DRM3=D
       RMDY1N:DRM8=DRMDY2N
       IF PM1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1060 ELSE GOTO 1080
1050
       DL3=DLDPM1P:DL8=DLDPM1P:DD3=DDDPM1P:DD8=DDDPM2P:DY3
1060
       =DYDPM1P:DY8=DYDPM2P:DYM4=DYMDPM1P:DYM9=DYMDPM2P:DR
       M4=DRMDPM1P:DRM9=DRMDPM2P
       GOTO 1090
1070
1080
       DL3=DLDPM1N:DL8=DLDPM1N:DD3=DDDPM1N:DD8=DDDPM2N:DY3
       =DYDPM1N:DY8=DYDPM2N:DYM4=DYMDPM1N:DYM9=DYMDPM2N:DR
       M4=DRMDPM1N:DRM9=DRMDPM2N
       IF YM1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1100 ELSE GOTO 1110
1090
       DL4=DLDYM1P:DL9=DLDYM2P:DD4=DDDYM1P:DD9=DDDYM2P:DY4
1100
       =DYDYM1P:DY9=DYDYM2P:DPM4=DPMDYM1P:DPM9=DPMDYM2P:DR
       M5=DRMDYM1P:DRM10=DRMDYM2P
       GOTO 1120
1105
       DL4=DLDYM1N:DL9=DLDYM2N:DD4=DDDYM1N:DD9=DDDYM2N:DY4
1110
       =DYDYM1N:DY9=DYDYM2N:DPM4=DPMDYM1N:DPM9=DPMDYM2N:DR
       M5=DRMDYM1N:DRM10=DRMDYM2N
       IF RM1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1130 ELSE GOTO 1140
1120
       DL5=DLDRM1P:DL10=DLDRM2P:DD5=DDDRM1P:DD10=DDDRM2P:D
1130
       Y5=DYDRM1P:DY10=DYDRM2P:DPM5=DPMDRM1P:DPM10=DPMDRM2
       P: DYM5=DYMDRM1P: DYM10=DYMDRM2P
1135
       GOTO 1150
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

```
DL5=DLDRM1N:DL10=DLDRM2N:DD5=DDDRM1N:DD10=DDDRM2N:D
1140
       Y5=DYDRM1N:DY10=DYDRM2N:DPM5=DPMDRM1N:DPM10=DPMDRM2
      N: DYM5=DYMDRM1N: DYM10=DYMDRM2N
1150 '----SECOND INTERACTION CALCULATION-----
      L2(K) = L(K) - (DL1*D1(K)) - (DL6*(D1(K)^2)
1160
1170
       D2(K) = D(K) - (DD1*L1(K)) - (DD6*(D1(K)^2)
1220 '---COMPARE INTERACTION CALCULATIONS-----
1230 DFL=ABS(L1(K)-L2(K)):DFD=ABS(D1(K)-D2(K))
1250 IF DFL < .0005 AND DFD < .0005 THEN GOTO 1330
1260 IF DFL > .0005 THEN Ll(K) = L2(K)
1270 IF DFD > .0005 THEN D1(K) = D2(K)
1320
      GOTO 960
1330 L(K) = L2(K) : D(K) = D2(K)
1340
      NEXT K
2330 '----PERFORM WEIGHT TARE CORRECTIONS-----
2335 '--DRAG AND LIFT NEED TO BE CORRECTED FOR AXIS ORIENT
    ATION--
2340 FOR K = 1 TO NOD%
2350
      ALPHA = AOA(K)*(3.141593/180) 'CONVERT TO RADIANS
      DF(K) = (((-1*D(K)) - (W*SIN(ALPHA)))*COS(ALPHA)) + (((
2360
       -1*L(K))-(W*COS(ALPHA)))*SIN(ALPHA))
       LF(K) = (((-1*L(K)) - (W*COS(ALPHA)))*COS(ALPHA)) - (((
2370
       -1*L(K))-(W*SIN(ALPHA)))*SIN(ALPHA))
2380
      NEXT K
2390 '----SAVE REDUCED DATA TO FILE-----
2395 CLS:PRINT "DATA REDUCTION COMPLETE, SAVING DATA TO ";
     FILE$
2400 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #2
2410 WRITE #2, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
2420 WRITE #2,Q,W
2421 WRITE #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
2422 WRITE #2,CLL,CALD,CALY,CALPM,CALYM,CALRM,CALAOA
        FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2430
2450
        WRITE \#2, LF(J), DF(J), Y(J), PM(J), YM(J), RM(J), AOA(J)
2460
        NEXT J
2470 '-----RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM------
2480 COMMON PD$,FD$,DX%
2490 CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
2500 '----END OF REDUCTION-----
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

```
'----DATA EDITOR----
10
20
    GOSUB 180
    COLOR 15,1,7: KEY OFF: CLS
30
40
    LOCATE 5,34: PRINT "*OPTIONS MENU*"
50
    PRINT
60
    PRINT
70
    PRINT TAB(30) "1. CREATE A NEW FILE"
80
    PRINT
90
    PRINT TAB(30) "2. EDIT EXISTING FILE"
100
    PRINT
110 PRINT TAB(30) "3. INCREASE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS" 120 PRINT TAB(30) " IN AN EXISTING FILE"
130
    PRINT
140 PRINT TAB(30) "4. EXIT DATA EDITOR"
150 LOCATE 20,5: INPUT "ENTER YOUR CHOICE (1,2,3,4)"; REP%
160 ON REP% GOSUB 390,280,2530,480
170 GOTO 30
180 '----INITIALIZING CONSTANTS-----
190 OPTION BASE 1: KEY OFF
200 DIM LF(100), DF(100), YF(100), PM(100), RM(100)
210 DIM YM(100), AOA(100), COMMAND(10)
220 BLANK2$ = "
230 BLANK1$ = "
    BLANK$ = "
240
250 COMMAND$(1) = "c": COMMAND$(2) = "r": COMMAND$(3)
    = "d"
     COMMAND$(4) = "e": COMMAND$(5) = "s": COMMAND$(6) =
260
     "u": COMMAND$(7) = "q"
270
    RETURN
    '----EDIT A FILE-----
280
290 CLS: COLOR 15,1,7
    LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
300
305 FILE$ = FD$+FILE$
   GOSUB 2680 ' READ IN FILE
310
    PAGE% = 1: COL\% = 1: SAVED\% = 0: OLDXPOS\% = 0:
320
     OLDYPOS\% = 0
330
     GOSUB 1050 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
340
    ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1740 : GOSUB 1900 'HIGHLIGHT
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
     LOCATE 23,30: PRINT "LISTING": BEEP
350
     GOSUB 1430 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
360
370
    LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
380
     GOTO 470
390 '-----CREATE A FILE-----
     COLOR 15,1,7: CLS
400
410 LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
415 FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
420 LOCATE 7,10: INPUT "ENTER TEST CONFIGURATION"; CONFIG$
     LOCATE 9,10: INPUT "ENTER THE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS
430
     PER RUN"; NOD%
```

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS - On-Screen Data Editor

```
PAGE% = 1': COL% = 1: SAVED% = 0: OLDXPOS% = 0:
440
     OLDYPOS% = 0
450
    GOSUB 1050
                 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
                                           'HIGHLIGHT
    ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1740: GOSUB 1900
460
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
     GOSUB 490 ' INSERT NEW DATA
470
     COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
480
481
     CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
482 RETURN
490
    '----CHANGE OR INSERT DATA-----
500
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
     LOCATE 23,12: INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO 530
510
520
     GOTO 570
530
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
     "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
540
     FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
550
     NEXT I
    GOTO 500
560
     REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
570
580
     T1% = ASC(REP2\$)
     IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 650
590
     T1\% = T1\% \text{ OR } 32: \text{REP2}\$ = \text{CHR}\$(T1\%)
600
610
     GOSUB 2000
620
     IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 500 ELSE VALID% = 0
     ON FLAG% GOSUB 1780,1670,2080,2340,2770,2170,2260
630
640
     IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 500 ELSE GOTO 1040
     WHILE REP2$ <> "e"
650
660
        NEWDATA = VAL(REP\$)
670
        IF QUIT% = 1 OR OLDXPOS% = 0 THEN QUIT% = 0: GOTO
      700
            ELSE
680
             LOCATE OLDXPOS%, OLDYPOS%, O
690
             PRINT USING "####.##"; OLDDATA
700
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
        R% = ROW% - 2
710
720
        IF COL\% = 1 THEN LF(R\%+18*(PAGE\%-1)) = NEWDATA:
      YPOS% = 7: GOTO 790: ELSE
        IF COL% = 2 THEN DF(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
730
        = 18: GOTO 790: ELSE
740
        IF COL% = 3 THEN YF(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 29: GOTO 790: ELSE
        IF COL% = 4 THEN PM(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
750
        = 40: GOTO 790: ELSE
760
        IF COL\% = 5 THEN RM(R\%+18*(PAGE\%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS\%
        = 51: GOTO 790: ELS
770
        IF COL% = 6 THEN YM(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 62: GOTO 790: ELS
        IF COL% =7 THEN AOA(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
780
        = 71: GOTO 790: ELS
        XPOS% = ROW%
790
800
        LOCATE XPOS%, YPOS%: COLOR 0,10
```

```
PRINT USING "####.##"; NEWDATA: MODIFIED% = 1
810
820
       SAVED% = 0: COLOR 15,1,7
       OLDYPOS% = YPOS%: OLDXPOS% = XPOS%: OLDDATA =
830
       NEWDATA
840
       FWD% = 1
850
       I% = ROW%+1: GOSUB 1690 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
       IF I% > NOD%+2 THEN FWD% = 1 ELSE FWD% = 0
860
870
       IF I\% > 20 THEN FWD% = 1 ELSE FWD% = 0
       GOSUB 1800 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
880
       COLOR 15,1,7
890
900
       LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
       LOCATE 23,12:INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO 930
910
920
       GOTO 950
       LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANKS: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
930
       "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
       GOTO 900
940
       REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
950
960
       T1% = ASC(REP2\$)
970
      IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 650
980
       T1\% = T1\% \text{ OR } 32: \text{REP2}\$ = \text{CHR}\$(T1\%)
990
       GOSUB 2000 'CHECK COMMANDS
1000
        IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 500 ELSE VALID% = 0
1010
         ON FLAG% GOSUB 1780,1670,2080,2340,2770,2170,2260
         'COMMAND SUBROUTINES
         IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 900 ELSE GOTO 1030
1020
1030
         WEND
1040
     RETURN
1050 '-----PRINT BACKGROUND LINES-----
1060 COLOR 15,1,7
1070 CLS
1080 LOCATE 2,1
1090 FOR I% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1100 LOCATE 1,9: PRINT "LIFT"
1110 LOCATE 1,20: PRINT "DRAG"
1120 LOCATE 1,32: PRINT "YAW"
1130 LOCATE 1,41: PRINT "PITCH"
1140 LOCATE 1,53: PRINT "ROLL"
1150 LOCATE 1,62: PRINT "YAW M."
1160 LOCATE 1,74: PRINT "AOA"
1170 LOCATE 21,1
1180 FOR I\% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1190 FOR I% = 1 TO 22
1200
         LOCATE 1%,1: PRINT CHR$(222)
1210
          LOCATE 1%,80: PRINT CHR$(222)
1220 NEXT
1230 FOR I% = 1 TO 21
1240
         LOCATE 1%,14: PRINT CHR$(179)
         LOCATE 1%,25: PRINT CHR$(179)
1250
1260
         LOCATE 1%,36: PRINT CHR$(179)
         LOCATE 1%,47: PRINT CHR$(179)
1270
```

```
1280
         LOCATE 1%,58: PRINT CHR$(179)
          LOCATE 1%,69: PRINT CHR$(179)
1290
1300 NEXT
1310 FOR I\% = 1 TO 18
1320
         LOCATE 1%+2,2
         PRINT USING "###"; I%+18*(PAGE%-1);: PRINT ":"
1330
1340
1350 COLOR 15,4
1360 LOCATE 22,15: PRINT "C COLUMN R ROW D DOWN E EXIT"
1370 LOCATE 22,46: PRINT " S SAVE U UP Q TUNNEL
     SPEED"
1380 COLOR 14,0: LOCATE 23,44: PRINT CONFIG$
1390 COLOR 15,1,7
1400 LOCATE 22,2: PRINT "[Q =": LOCATE 22,12: PRINT "]"
1410 LOCATE 23,3: PRINT "COMMAND:"
1420 RETURN
1430 '----PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE-----
1440 \text{ FOR } 1\% = 1 \text{ TO } 18
        LOCATE 1%+2,7: PRINT USING "####.##"; LF(1%+18*(PAG
1450
        E%-1))
1460
        NEXT
1470 \text{ FOR } 1\% = 1 \text{ TO } 18
1480
        LOCATE 1%+2,18: PRINT USING "####.##";DF(1%+18*(PA
        GE%-1))
1490
        NEXT
1500 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1510
        LOCATE 1%+2,29: PRINT USING "####.##";YF(1%+18*(PA
        GE%-1))
1520
        NEXT
1530 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1540
         LOCATE 1%+2,40: PRINT USING "####.##";PM(1%+18*(PA
         GE%-1))
1550
        NEXT
1560 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1570
         LOCATE 1%+2,51: PRINT USING "####.##"; RM(1%+18*(PA
         GE%-1))
1580
        NEXT
1590 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1600
         LOCATE 1%+2,62: PRINT USING "####.##";YM(1%+18*(PA
         GE%-1))
1610
        NEXT
1620 \text{ FOR } 1\% = 1 \text{ TO } 18
1630
         LOCATE 1%+2,71: PRINT USING "####.##"; AOA(1%+18*(P
         AGE%-1))
1640
        NEXT
1650 LOCATE 22,7:PRINT USING "###";Q
1660 RETURN
1670 '----ROW INDEXING-----
1680 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1690 OLDROW% = ROW%: ROW% = ROW% + FWD%
```

```
1700 IF ROW% > NOD%+2 THEN ROW% = 3
1710 IF ROW% > 20 THEN ROW% = 3
1720 IF ROW% < 3 THEN ROW% = 3
1730 LOCATE OLDROW%, 2: PRINT USING "###"; OLDROW%-2+18*(PAG
    E%-1);: PRINT ":"
1740 COLOR 14,4: LOCATE ROW%,2
1750 PRINT USING "###"; ROW%-2+18*(PAGE%-1);: PRINT ":"
1760 COLOR 15,1,7
1770 RETURN
1780 '-----COLUMN INDEXING-----
1790 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1800 OLDCOL% = COL%: COL% = COL% + FWD%
1810 IF COL% > 7 THEN COL% = 1
1820 IF COL% < 1 THEN COL% = 7
1830 IF OLDCOL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,9: PRINT "LIFT": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1840 IF OLDCOL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,20: PRINT "DRAG": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1850 IF OLDCOL% = 3 THEN LOCATE 1,32: PRINT "YAW": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1860 IF OLDCOL% = 4 THEN LOCATE 1,41: PRINT "PITCH": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1870 IF OLDCOL% = 5 THEN LOCATE 1,53: PRINT "ROLL": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1880 IF OLDCOL% = 6 THEN LOCATE 1,62: PRINT "YAW M.": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1890 IF OLDCOL% = 7 THEN LOCATE 1,74: PRINT "AOA": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1900 COLOR 14.4
1910 IF COL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,9: PRINT "LIFT": GOTO 1980
1920 IF COL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,20: PRINT "DRAG": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1930 IF COL% = 3 THEN LOCATE 1,32: PRINT "YAW": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1940 IF COL% = 4 THEN LOCATE 1,41: PRINT "PITCH": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1950 IF COL% = 5 THEN LOCATE 1,53: PRINT "ROLL": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1960 IF COL% = 6 THEN LOCATE 1,62: PRINT "YAW M.": GOTO
     1980 ELSE
1970 IF COL% = 7 THEN LOCATE 1,74: PRINT "AOA": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1980 COLOR 15,1,7
1990 RETURN
2000 '----CHECK COMMANDS-----
2010 I\% = 0
2020 WHILE I% < 7 AND VALID% = 0
2030 	 I\% = I\% + 1
       IF REP2$ = COMMAND$(I%) THEN FLAG% = I%: VALID% = 1
2040
```

```
2050
       WEND
2060 IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOSUB 2420 'ERROR MESSAGE
2070 RETURN
2080 '-----SCROLL DOWN-----
2090 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
2100 PAGE% = PAGE% + FWD%
2110 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
2120 GOSUB 1050 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
2130 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1740: GOSUB 1900 'HIGHLIGHT
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
2140 GOSUB 1430 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
2150 \text{ OLDXPOS} = 0
2160 RETURN
2170 '-----SCROLL UP-----
2180 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
2190 PAGE% = PAGE% - FWD%
2200 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
2210 GOSUB 1050 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
2220 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1740: GOSUB 1900 'HIGHLIGHT
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
2230 GOSUB 1430 ' PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
2240 \text{ OLDXPOS}\% = 0
2250 RETURN
2260 '-----PRINT OUT Q VALUE-----
2270 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
2280 LOCATE 23,12: INPUT "Q =";Q
2290 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
2300 COLOR 0,10
2310 LOCATE 22,7: PRINT USING "###";Q
2320 COLOR 15,1,7
2330 RETURN
2340 '----EXIT EDITOR-----
2350 IF SAVED% = 1 OR MODIFIED% = 0 THEN GOTO 2410
2360 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: BEEP
2370 LOCATE 23,20: INPUT "SAVE FILE (Y/N)"; REP$ 2380 IF REP$ = "N" OR REP$ = "n" THEN GOTO 2410
2390 GOSUB 2770 'SAVE FILE
2400 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2410 RETURN
2420 '-----ERROR MESSAGE-----
2430 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2440 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT " INVALID COMMAND"
2450 \text{ FOR F} = 300 \text{ TO } 500 \text{ STEP } 100
2460
        SOUND F, 2
2470
        SOUND 32767,2
2480 NEXT
2490 FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
2500 NEXT I
2510 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2520 RETURN
```

```
2530 '----ADD TEST POINTS TO FILE-----
2540 CLS
2550 LOCATE 3,5: PRINT"THIS OPTION ALLOWS YOU TO INCREASE
    THE NUMBER OF TEST"
2560 LOCATE 4,5: PRINT"POINTS OF AN EXISTING FILE"
2570 LOCATE 7,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF YOUR FILE"; FILE$
2580 FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
2590 GOSUB 2680
2610 LOCATE 10,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NEW NUMBER OF TUNNEL
    RUNS"; NOO%
2620 LOCATE 13,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NEW NUMBER OF TEST
    POINTS PER RUN"; NOD%
2630 GOSUB 2770
2660 LOCATE 20,5: PRINT"NOW YOU CAN CALL UP YOUR FILE AND
    ADD IN THE NEW POINTS"
2670 RETURN
2680 '-----READ IN FILE-----
2690 OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #1
2700 INPUT #1, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
2710 INPUT #1,Q,W
2714 INPUT #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
2715 INPUT #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
      FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2730.
       INPUT #1,LF(J),DF(J),YF(J),PM(J),RM(J),YM(J),AOA(J)
     NEXT J
2740
2750 CLOSE #1
2760 RETURN
2770 '-----SAVE FILE-----
2780 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: LOCATE 23,30: PRINT
     "SAVING FILE"
2790 OPEN FILES FOR OUTPUT AS #2
2800 WRITE #2, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
2810 WRITE #2,Q,W
2814 WRITE #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
2815 WRITE #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
2820 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2830
        WRITE #2, LF(J), DF(J), YF(J), PM(J), RM(J), YM(J), AOA(J)
       NEXT J
2840
2850 CLOSE #2
2860 RETURN
```

```
10
      REM----COMP.BAS; CALCULATE Cd, Cl AND E. F. A.----
15
      REM
16
      DIM LF(100), DF(100), YF(100), PM(100), YM(100), RM(100),
      AOA(100)
17
      DIM CD(100), CL(100), EFA(100)
      COLOR 15,1,4:KEY OFF: CLS
20
      PRINT "WHAT IS THE NAME OF YOUR FILE CONTAINING THE";
30
35
      PRINT " CALIBRATED"
40
      INPUT "WIND TUNNEL DATA"; FILE$
50
      FILE$ = FD$+ FILE$
      GOSUB 680
                       'READ IN DATA FROM FILE
60
      REM -- FOR THE FOLLOWING, AREAL IS MEASURED IN SQUARE
70
      FEET
90
      AREAL =60/144
      FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
270
280
          CL(J) = LF(J)/(Q*AREAL)
          CD(J) = DF(J)/(Q*AREAL)
290
295
          EFA(J) = LF(J)/Q
300
          NEXT J
      '-----STORE DATA FOR Cd VS. Cl-----
310
311
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE Cd VS.
      Cl DATA"; N$
312
      Y$="Cd":X$="Cl"
320
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
330
      WRITE #1, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
340
      WRITE #1,0
350
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
360
             WRITE #1,CD(J),CL(J)
370
             NEXT J
380
      CLOSE #1
390
      '-----STORE DATA FOR Cd VS. C1*C1------
391
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE Cd VS.
      Cl^2 DATA";N$
392
      Y$="Cd":X$="C1^2"
      OPEN FDS+NS FOR OUTPUT AS #2
400
410
      WRITE #2, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
420
      WRITE #2,0
430
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
440
             B = CL(J) * CL(J)
450
             WRITE #2,CD(J),B
             NEXT J
460
      CLOSE #2
470
480
      '----STORE DATA FOR Cl VS. AOA-----
481
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE THE CL
      VS. AOA DATA"; N$
482
      Y$="Cl":X$="AOA"
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #2
490
      WRITE #2, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
500
      WRITE #2,Q
510
520
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
```

Figure A.13 COMP.BAS - Program to Calculate Parameters

```
530
             WRITE #2,CL(J),AOA(J)
540
             NEXT J
550
      CLOSE #2
      '-----STORE DATA FOR E.F.A. VS AOA-----
560
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE THE
561
        .F.A. VS. AOA DATA"; N$
      Y$="E.F.A.":X$="AOA"
562
570
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
580
      WRITE #1, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
590
      WRITE #1,Q
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
600
610
              WRITE #1,EFA(J),AOA(J)
620
             NEXT J
630
      CLOSE #1
      '----RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM-----
640
650
      COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
      CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
660
       '-----READ IN DATA FROM CALIBRATED FILE----
670
      OPEN FILES FOR INPUT AS #2
680
      INPUT #2,NOD%,CONFIG$,CONF
690
700
      INPUT #2,Q,W
      INPUT #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
701
      INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
702
710
           FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
720
           INPUT #2, LF(J), DF(J), YF(J), PM(J), RM(J), YM(J),
           AOA(J)
           NEXT J
730
740
      CLOSE #2
750
      RETURN
```

Figure A.13 COMP.BAS (cont.)

```
10
    '----DATA EDITOR----
20
    GOSUB 180
30
    COLOR 15,1,7: KEY OFF: CLS
    LOCATE 5,34: PRINT "*OPTIONS MENU*"
40
50
    PRINT
60
    PRINT
70
    PRINT TAB(30) "1. CREATE A NEW FILE"
80
    PRINT
   PRINT TAB(30) "2. EDIT EXISTING FILE"
90
100
    PRINT
110 PRINT TAB(30) "3. INCREASE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS"
120 PRINT TAB(30) " IN AN EXISTING FILE"
130 PRINT
140 PRINT TAB(30) "4. EXIT DATA EDITOR"
150 LOCATE 20,5: INPUT "ENTER YOUR CHOICE (1,2,3,4)"; REP%
160 ON REP% GOSUB 380,270,2200,490
170
    GOTO 30
180
    '----INITIALIZING CONSTANTS-----
190 OPTION BASE 1: KEY OFF
200 DIM Y(100), X(100), COMMAND(10)
                                     19
210 BLANK2$ = "
220 BLANK1$ = "
230 BLANK$ = "
240
    COMMAND$(1) = "c":COMMAND$(2) = "r": COMMAND$(3) = "d"
    COMMAND$(4) = "e": COMMAND$(5) = "s": COMMAND$(6) =
250
    "u": COMMAND$(7) = "q"
260
    RETURN
270
    '----EDIT A FILE-----
    CLS: COLOR 15,1,7
280
    LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
290
    FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
295
    GOSUB 2350 ' READ IN FILE
300
310
    PAGE% = 1: COL% = 1: SAVED% = 0: OLDXPOS% = 0:
    OLDYPOS% = 0
    GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
320
    ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1520 : GOSUB 1620 'HIGHLIGHT
330
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
340
    LOCATE 23,30: PRINT "LISTING": BEEP
    GOSUB 1360 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
350
    LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
360
370
    GOTO 480
    '----CREATE A FILE-----
380
390 COLOR 15,1,7: CLS
400
    LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
405
    FILR$ = FD$ + FILE$
410
    LOCATE 7,10: INPUT "ENTER TEST CONFIGURATION"; CONFIG$
    LOCATE 9,10: INPUT "ENTER THE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS
420
     PER RUN"; NOD%
430
     LOCATE 11,10: INPUT "ENTER TITLE FOR X-VALUES (i.e.
     CL, AOA)";X1$
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS - On-Screen Data Editor

```
LOCATE 13,10: INPUT "ENTER TITLE FOR Y-VALUES (i.e.
440
    Cd, Cl)";Y1$
    PAGE% = 1: COL% = 1: SAVED% = 0: OLDXPOS% = 0:
450
    OLDYPOS% = 0
    GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
460
470 ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1520: GOSUB 1620 'HIGHLIGHT FIRST
    ROW AND COLUMN
    GOSUB 500 ' INSERT NEW DATA
480
490 COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
491 CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
492
    RETURN
500
     '----CHANGE OR INSERT DATA----
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
510
    LOCATE 23,12: INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO 540
520
530 GOTO 580
540
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANKS: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
     "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
550
     FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
560
     NEXT I
570
     GOTO 510
580 REP2$ = RIGHT$ (REP$, 1)
     T1% = ASC(REP2$)
590
600 IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 660
610
    T1\% = T1\% \text{ OR } 32: \text{REP2} = \text{CHR} (T1\%)
620
     GOSUB 1670
     IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 510 ELSE VALID% = 0
630
640 ON FLAG% GOSUB 1550,1450,1750,2010,2440,1840,1930
     IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 510 ELSE GOTO 1000
650
660 WHILE REP2$ <> "e"
670
        NEWDATA = VAL(REP$)
        IF OUIT% = 1 OR OLDXPOS% = 0 THEN OUIT% = 0: GOTO
680
     710
           ELSE
690
            LOCATE OLDXPOS%, OLDYPOS%, O
             PRINT USING "####.##";OLDDATA
700
710
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
720
        R% = ROW% - 2
730
        IF COL\% = 1 THEN Y(R\%+18*(PAGE\%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS\%
        = 18: GOTO 750: ELS
        IF COL\% = 2 THEN X(R\%+18*(PAGE\%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS\%
740
        = 43: GOTO 750: ELSE
        XPOS% = ROW%
750
        LOCATE XPOS%, YPOS%: COLOR 0,10
760
        PRINT USING "####.##"; NEWDATA: MODIFIED% = 1
770
        SAVED% = 0: COLOR 15,1
780
790
        OLDYPOS% = YPOS%: OLDXPOS% = XPOS%: OLDDATA =
        NEWDATA
800 FWD% = 1
     I% = ROW%+1: GOSUB 1470 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
810
     IF I% > NOD%+2 THEN FWD% = 1 ELSE FWD% = 0
820
830
     IF 1\% > 20 THEN FWD% = 1 ELSE FWD% = 0
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
840
    GOSUB 1570 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
850
    COLOR 15,1,7
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
860
        LOCATE 23,12: INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO
870
        890
880
        GOTO 910
890
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
        "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
        GOTO 860
900
        REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
910
        T1% = ASC(REP2$)
920
930
        IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 660
        T1\% = T1\% \text{ OR } 32: \text{REP2}\$ = \text{CHR}\$(T1\%)
940
        GOSUB 1670 'CHECK COMMANDS
950
        IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 510 ELSE VALID% = 0
960
970
        ON FLAG% GOSUB 1550,1450,1750,2010,2440,1840,1930
        'COMMAND SUBROUTINES
        IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 860 ELSE GOTO 990
980
990
        WEND
1000 RETURN
1010 '-----PRINT BACKGROUND LINES-----
1020 COLOR 15,1,7
1030 CLS
1040 LOCATE 2,1
1050 FOR I% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1060 LOCATE 1,18: PRINT "Y = ";Y1$
1070 LOCATE 1,43: PRINT "X = ";X1$
1080 LOCATE 1,68: PRINT "COMMANDS"
1090 LOCATE 21,1
1100 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1110 FOR I% = 1 TO 22
1120
          LOCATE 1%,1: PRINT CHR$(222)
          LOCATE 1%,80: PRINT CHR$(222)
1130
1140 NEXT
1150 FOR I\% = 1 TO 21
          LOCATE 1%,28: PRINT CHR$(179)
1160
1170
          LOCATE 1%,53: PRINT CHR$(179)
1180 NEXT
1190 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1200
        LOCATE 1%+2,2
         PRINT USING "###"; 1%+18*(PAGE%-1);: PRINT ":"
1210
1220
        NEXT
1230 COLOR 15,4
1240 LOCATE 3,66: PRINT "C COLUMN
1250 LOCATE 4,66: PRINT "R ROW
1260 LOCATE 5,66: PRINT "D DOWN
                                        **
1270 LOCATE 6,66: PRINT "E EXIT
1280 LOCATE 7,66: PRINT "S SAVE
1290 LOCATE 8,66: PRINT "U UP
1300 LOCATE 9,66: PRINT "Q TUNNEL SPEED"
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
1310 COLOR 14,0: LOCATE 23,44: PRINT CONFIG$
1320 COLOR 15,1,7
1330 LOCATE 22,2: PRINT "[Q =": LOCATE 22,12: PRINT "]"
1340 LOCATE 23,3: PRINT "COMMAND:"
1350 RETURN
1360 '----PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE-----
1370 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
      LOCATE 1%+2,18: PRINT USING "####.##";Y(1%+18*(PAG
1380
       E%-1))
1390
       NEXT
1400 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1410
       LOCATE 1%+2,43: PRINT USING "####.##";X(1%+18*(PAG
       E%-1))
1420 NEXT
1430 LOCATE 22,7:PRINT USING "###";Q
1440 RETURN
1450 '-----ROW INDEXING-----
1460 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1470 OLDROW% = ROW%: ROW% = ROW% + FWD%
1480 IF ROW% > NOD%+2 THEN ROW% = 3
1490 IF ROW% > 20 THEN ROW% = 3
1500 IF ROW% < 3 THEN ROW% = 3
1510 LOCATE OLDROW%, 2: PRINT USING "###"; OLDROW%-2+18*(PAG
    E%-1);: PRINT ":"
1520 COLOR 14,4: LOCATE ROW%,2: PRINT USING "###";ROW%-2+1
     8*(PAGE%-1);:PRINT ":"
1530 COLOR 15.1.7
1540 RETURN
1550 '-----COLUMN INDEXING-----
1560 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1570 OLDCOL% = COL%: COL% = COL% + FWD%
1580 IF COL% > 2 THEN COL% = 1
1590 IF COL% < 1 THEN COL% = 2
1600 IF OLDCOL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,18: PRINT "Y = ";Y1$:
     GOTO 1620 ELSE
1610 IF OLDCOL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,43: PRINT "X = ";X1$:
     GOTO 1620 ELSE
1620 COLOR 14.4
1630 IF COL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,18: PRINT "Y = ";Y1$: GOTO
     1650 ELSE
1640 IF COL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,43: PRINT "X = ";X1$: GOTO
     1650 ELSE
1650 COLOR 15.1.7
1660 RETURN
1670 '-----CHECK COMMANDS-----
1680 I\% = 0
1690 WHILE I% < 7 AND VALID% = 0
IF REP2$ = COMMAND$(I%) THEN FLAG% = I%: VALID% = 1
1710
1720 WEND
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOSUB 2090 'ERROR MESSAGE
1740 RETURN
1750 '-----SCROLL DOWN-----
1760 FWD% = VAL(REP\$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1770 PAGE% = PAGE% + FWD%
1780 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
1790 GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
1800 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1520: GOSUB 1620 'HIGHLIGHT
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
1810 GOSUB 1360 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND O VALUE
1820 \text{ OLDXPOS}\% = 0
1830 RETURN
1840 '----SCROLL UP-----
1850 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1860 PAGE% = PAGE% - FWD%
1870 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
1880 GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
1890 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1520: GOSUB 1620 'HIGHLIGHT
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
1900 GOSUB 1360 ' PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
1910 \text{ OLDXPOS} = 0
1920 RETURN
1930 '-----PRINT OUT Q VALUE-----
1940 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
1950 LOCATE 23,12: INPUT "Q =";Q
1960 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
1970 COLOR 0,10
1980 LOCATE 22,7: PRINT USING "###";Q
1990 COLOR 15,1,7
2000 RETURN
2010 '----EXIT EDITOR-----
2020 IF SAVED% = 1 OR MODIFIED% = 0 THEN GOTO 2080
2030 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: BEEP
2040 LOCATE 23,20: INPUT "SAVE FILE (Y/N)"; REP$
2050 IF REP$ = "N" OR REP$ = "n" THEN GOTO 2080
2060 GOSUB 2440 'SAVE FILE
2070 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2080 RETURN
2090 '----ERROR MESSAGE-----
2100 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2110 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT " INVALID COMMAND"
2120 \text{ FOR } F = 300 \text{ TO } 500 \text{ STEP } 100
2130 SOUND F,2
2140
       SOUND 32767,2
2150
       NEXT
2160 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO } 500 \text{ STEP } 1
2170 NEXT I
2180 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2190 RETURN
2200 '----ADD TEST POINTS TO FILE-----
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
2210 CLS
2220 LOCATE 3,5: PRINT"THIS OPTION ALLOWS YOU TO INCREASE
    THE NUMBER OF TEST"
2230 LOCATE 4,5: PRINT"POINTS OF AN EXISTING FILE"
2240 LOCATE 7,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF YOUR FILE"; FILE$
2250 FILES = FDS + FILES
2260 GOSUB 2350
2290 LOCATE 13,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NEW NUMBER OF TEST
    POINTS PER RUN"; NOD%
2300 GOSUB 2440
2330 LOCATE 20,5: PRINT"NOW YOU CAN CALL UP YOUR FILE AND
    ADD IN THE NEW POINTS"
2340 RETURN
2350 '-----READ IN FILE-----
2360 OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #1
2370 INPUT #1, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
2380 INPUT #1,Q
2390 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2400
2410
          INPUT \#1,Y(J),X(J)
          NEXT J
2420 CLOSE #1
2430 RETURN
2440 '-----SAVE FILE-----
2450 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: LOCATE 23,30: PRINT
    "SAVING FILE"
2460 OPEN FILES FOR OUTPUT AS #2
2470 WRITE #2, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
2480 WRITE #2,Q
2490 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2500
2510
          WRITE #2,Y(J),X(J)
          NEXT J
2520 CLOSE #2
2530 RETURN
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
10
     '-----PLOTTING ROUTINE-----
20
     DIM X(300), Y(300), B(300), C(300), D(300)
30
     KEY OFF: SCREEN 2
    HDPOS\% = 44: B\$ = "
40
     GOSUB 260
60
70
     OPT$ = CURVE$(1)
     ERASE X, Y, FILESTK$, CURVE$, B, C, D
80
     CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110,ALL
90
150
     '-----READ IN FILE----
     OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
160
170
     INPUT #2, NOD%; Y1$, X1$, H$, CONF
     INPUT #2,Q
180
190
     FOR I% = 1 TO NOD%
200
         INPUT #2,Y(I%),X(I%)
210
         NEXT
    CLOSE #2
220
230
    RETURN
     '----INITIALIZING PLOTTER-----
260
270 FOR L% = 1 TO NOF%
         FILE$ = FILESTK$(L%)
280
290
         GOSUB 160
300
         IF L%=1 THEN XMIN=X(1): XMAX=XMIN: YMIN=Y(1):
     YMAX=YMIN
         FOR I%=1 TO NOD%
310
320
             IF X(I%) < XMIN THEN XMIN=X(I%) ELSE IF X(I%) >
     XMAX THEN XMAX=X(I%)
             IF Y(I%) < YMIN THEN YMIN=Y(I%) ELSE IF Y(I%) >
330
     YMAX THEN YMAX=Y(I%)
340
             NEXT I%
350
         NEXT L%
351
     CLS
352
     PRINT "AFTER CURVES ARE PLOTTED YOU HAVE THE OPTION
     OF OBTAINING A HARD"
353
     PRINT "COPY BY PRESSING CTRL-PRTSC. THE CURVE WILL
     REMAIN ON THE SCREEN"
354
    PRINT "UNTIL YOU PRESS THE F2 KEY."
355
    PRINT
360
     INPUT "HEADDING FOR PLOT ="; HEAD$
370
     T1%=LEN(HEAD$): IF T1%>60 THEN HEAD$=LEFT$(HEAD$,60)
     INPUT "X TITLE FOR THE PLOT ="; XTITLE$
380
390
     T1%=LEN(XTITLE$): IF T1%>60 THEN XTITLE$=LEFT$(XTITLE
     INPUT "Y TITLE FOR THE PLOT =";YTITLE$
400
410
     T1%=LEN(YTITLE$): IF T1%>60 THEN YTITLE$=LEFT$(YTITLE
420
     PRINT "MINIMUM X VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; XMIN;"]";: INPUT
430
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN TEMP=VAL(T1$) ELSE TEMP=XMIN
     IF TEMP<=XMIN THEN OK%=1 ELSE OK%=0
440
450
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN TEMP3 =XMIN: XMIN = TEMP
```

Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS - Screen Graphics Program

```
PRINT "MAXIMUM X VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; XMAX;"]";: INPUT
460
    T1S
470
    IF T1$ <> "" THEN XMAX=VAL(T1$)
    PRINT "MINIMUM Y VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; YMIN; "]";: INPUT
480
    T1$
    IF T1$ <> "" THEN YMIN=VAL(T1$)
490
    PRINT "MAXIMUM Y VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; YMAX; "]";: INPUT
500
    T1$
510
    IF T1$ <> "" THEN YMAX=VAL(T1$)
520 RANGE=XMAX-XMIN
530 IF OK%=1 THEN PTR%=1: STKPTR%=1: PGSTK%(1)=1 ELSE
    GOSUB 580
540 CLS: SCREEN 2
550 GOSUB 840
560 RETURN
    '----SET PAGES-----
570
580
    TEMP2=(TEMP-TEMP3)/RANGE+1: PG%=INT(TEMP2)
590 STKPTR%=PG%+1
600 FOR I% = 1 TO STKPTR%
        T2=TEMP-RANGE*(1%-1)
610
620
        J%=1
630
        WHILE X(J%) <T2
640
            J%=J%+1
650
            WEND
    PGSTK%(PG%-I%+2)=J%
660
670 NEXT 1%
680
   PTR%=PGSTK%(STKPTR%)
690
    RETURN
     '----PLOT WITHOUT GRID-----
700
710
    LINE(ORIGINX%,ORIGINY%) - (ORIGINX%+7*INTERVALX%,TEMP4%
    ),1,B
720
   X%=ORIGINX%
730 FOR I% = 1 TO 8
740
        LINE (X%, 162) - (X%, 165)
750
        X%=X%+INTERVALX%
760
        NEXT
770 T1%=ORIGINX%-8: T2%=ORIGINY%
780 FOR I% = 1 TO 5
790
     LINE (T1%,T2%) - (ORIGINX%,T2%)
        T2%=T2%+INTERVALY%
800
810
        NEXT
820
   RETURN
830 '-----PLOTTING ROUTINES-----
840
    ORIGINY%=12: ORIGINX%=72: INTERVALY%=30: INTERVALX%=80
850
    TEMP4%=ORIGINY%+5*INTERVALY%
870 VIEW(0,0)-(639,163): CLS: VIEW
890 GOSUB 710
900 IF LEFT$(GRD$,1)="G" THEN GOSUB 2400
910 X%=ORIGINX%: Y%=ORIGINY%
920 FOR L%=1 TO NOF%
```

Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
IF NOF%=1 THEN GOTO 960
930
940
        FILE$=FILESTK$(L%)
950
       GOSUB 160
960
        XINDEX=XMIN
        GOSUB 1410
970
        IF L%=1 THEN GOSUB 1120
980
        IF L% <> NOF% THEN PTR%=PGSTK%(STKPTR%)
990
1000
        NEXT L%
1001 ON KEY(1) GOSUB 1006
1002 ON KEY(2) GOSUB 1009
1003 KEY(2) OFF: KEY(1) ON: KEY(2) ON
1004 IF FLAG = 1 THEN GOTO 1100
1005 GOTO 1001
1006 LOCATE 23,1: PRINT "HI"
1008 RETURN
1009 \text{ FLAG} = 1
1010 RETURN
1100 \text{ FLAG} = 0
1101 RETURN
1110 '-----PLOT ZERO LINE-----
1120 IF (YMAX*YMIN <0) THEN TEMP=(-1*YMIN/(YMAX-YMIN))*150
     ELSE GOTO 1150
1130 DELTAY%=CINT(TEMP)
1140 LINE(ORIGINX%, TEMP4%-DELTAY%) - (ORIGINX%+7*INTERVALX%,
     TEMP4%-DELTAY%)
1150 IF (XMAX*XMIN <0) THEN TEMP=(-1*XMIN/(XMAX-XMIN))*550
     ELSE GOTO 1190
1160 DELTAX%=CINT(TEMP)
1170 LINE(ORIGINX%+DELTAX%,ORIGINY%)-(ORIGINX%+DELTAX%,TEM
1180 '-----PRINT INDECIES-----
1190 YINDEX=YMAX
1200 \text{ TEMP} = (YMAX-YMIN)/5
1210 P%=LEN(HEAD$): P%=HDPOS%-(P%*.5)
1220 LOCATE 1,1: PRINT TAB(P%) HEAD$
1230 FOR I\% = 1 TO 6
1240
         PRINT USING "###.###"; YINDEX
1250
         IF (I%= 3) THEN FOR J% = 1 TO 2: PRINT: NEXT J%:
     GOTO 1260
1255
         IF (1\%<>6) THEN FOR J\%=1 TO 3: PRINT: NEXT J\%
1260
         YINDEX=YINDEX-TEMP
1270
         NEXT I%
1280 XINDEX = XMIN: XINCR=(XMAX-XMIN)/7
1285 LOCATE 22,1
1290 PRINT USING "########, #"; XINDEX;
1300 FOR I\% = 1 TO 7
1310
         XINDEX = XINDEX + XINCR
1320
         PRINT USING "#########";XINDEX; : NEXT I%
1330 P%=LEN(XTITLE$): P%=HDPOS%-(P%*.5)
1340 LOCATE 23,1: PRINT TAB(P%) XTITLE$
```

Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
1350 T1%=LEN(YTITLE$): P%=11-(T1%*.5)
1360 FOR I% = 1 TO T1%
         T1$=MID$(YTITLE$, I%, 1): LOCATE P%+I%, 1: PRINT T1$
1370
        NEXT
1380
1395 RETURN
1400 '-----PLOT POINTS ON GRAPH-----
1410 TEMP2=1/(YMAX-YMIN): TEMP3=1/(XMAX-XMIN)
1420 IF MRK$="" THEN MRK$="MARK
1430 REP2$=LEFT$(MRK$,1)
1440 T%=L%: REP$=LEFT$(CURVE$(L%),1)
1450 IF T%>3 THEN T%=T%-3: GOTO 1450
1460 IF REP$="C" THEN GOSUB 1870
1470 COUNT%=0: NDP%=0
1480 WHILE (PTR%<=NOD%) AND (X(PTR%) <= XMAX)
1490
         IF X(PTR%) < XMIN THEN GOTO 1650
1500
         OLDY%=Y%: OLDX%=X%
1510
         NDP% = NDP%+1
         TEMP1=ABS((X(PTR%)-XMIN)*TEMP3)*550
1520
         TEMP=ABS((Y(PTR%)-YMIN)*TEMP2)*150
1530
1540
         DELTAY%=CINT(TEMP): DELTAX%=CINT(TEMP1)
1560
         Y%=TEMP4%-DELTAY% : X%=ORIGINX%+DELTAX%
         IF COUNT%=0 THEN OLDY%=Y%: OLDX%=X%: PSET(X%,Y%):
1570
         FIRSTX%=X%: FIRSTY%=Y%: COUNT%=1
       IF REP$="P" THEN 1600
1580
         LINE-(X%, Y%),1
1590
1600
         IF REP2$ <> "M" AND REP <> "P" THEN GOTO 1630
         IF T%=1 THEN CIRCLE(X%, Y%), 2, 1, 0, 6.28, 5/12
1610
         IF T%=2 THEN LINE(X%,Y%)-(X%+6,Y%): LINE-(X%+3,Y%
1611
         -3): LINE-(X%,Y%)
         ELSE LINE(X%, Y%) -(X%+6, Y%-3), 1, B : PSET(X%, Y%)
1612
         GOTO 1640
1620
1630
         PSET(X%,Y%)
         IF REP$="C" THEN GOSUB 2140
1640
1650
         PTR%=PTR%+1
1660
         WEND
1720 RETURN
1860 '----CUBIC INTERPOLATION-----
1870 DIM H(200), A(200), L(200), U(200), Z(200)
1880 FOR 1\% = 1 TO NOD\%-1
1890
         H(I%) = X(I%+1) - X(I%)
1900
         NEXT
1910 FOR I%=2 TO NOD%-1
         T1=Y(I%+1)*H(I%-1)
1920
1930
         T2=Y(I%)*(X(I%+1)-X(I%-1))
         T3=Y(I%-1)*H(I%)
1940
         A(I%)=3*(T1-T2+T3)/(H(I%-1)*H(I%))
1950
         NEXT I%
1970 L(1)=1: U(1)=0: Z(1)=0
1980 FOR I%=2 TO NOD%
         L(I%) = 2*(X(I%+1)-X(I%-1))-H(I%-1)*U(I%-1)
1990
```

Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
U(I%) = H(I%) / L(I%)
2000
         Z(I%) = (A(I%) - H(I%-1) * Z(I%-1)) / L(I%)
2010
         NEXT I%
2020
2030 L(NOD^{*})=1: Z(NOD^{*})=0: C(NOD^{*})=0
2040 FOR J%=NOD%-1 TO 1 STEP -1
         C(J%) = Z(J%) - U(J%) * C(J%+1)
2050
         T1=(Y(J%+1)-Y(J%))/H(J%)
2060
2070
         T2=H(J%)*(C(J%+1)+2*C(J%))/3
         B(J%) = T1 - T2
2080
2090
         D(J%) = (C(J%+1) - C(J%)) / (3*H(J%))
         NEXT J%
2100
2110 ERASE H,A,L,U,Z
2120 RETURN
2130 '-----PLOT CUBIC-----
2140 IF PTR%+1 > NOD% OR X(PTR%+1) > XMAX THEN GOTO 2280
2150 T1=(XMAX-XMIN)/560 : T2=X(PTR%)
2160 TEMP1=ABS((X(PTR%+1)-XMIN)*TEMP3)*550
2170 DELTAX%=CINT(TEMP1)
2180 XNEXT%=ORIGINX%+DELTAX%
2190 X%=X%+2
2200 IF X% >= XNEXT% THEN GOTO 2280
2210 T2=T2 + 2*T1
2220 T4=T2-X(PTR%)
2230 T3=Y(PTR%)+B(PTR%)*T4+C(PTR%)*T4*T4+D(PTR%)*T4*T4*T4
2240 TEMP=ABS((T3-YMIN)*TEMP2)*150
2250 DELTAY%=CINT(TEMP): Y%=TEMP4%-DELTAY%
2260 IF Y%>172 THEN Y%=172 ELSE IF Y%<12 THEN Y%=12
2270 LINE-(X%,Y%) : GOTO 2190
2280 RETURN
2400 '----PLOT WITH GRIDS-----
2410 FOR I% = 1 TO 9
2420
         T1%=ORIGINY%+I%*15
2430
         LINE(73,T1%)-(623,T1%),,,&H4444
2440
         NEXT I%
2450 FOR I%= 1 TO 13
2460
         T1%=ORIGINX%+I%*40
         LINE (T1%, 12) - (T1%, 162),,, &HAAAA
2470
2480
         NEXT I%
2490 RETURN
2500 END
```

```
10 'NAME: Data Acquisition And Control (DAAC)
20 '
         HEADER for BASICA
30 '
40 'FILE NAME: DACHDR.BAS
50 '
60 'DOS DEVICE NAME: DAAC
70 '
80 'RESERVED FUNCTION NAMES:
90 '
             AINM, AINS, AINSC, AOUM, AOUS,
              BINM, BINS, BITINS, BITOUS, BOUM, BOUS,
100 '
110 '
               CINM, CINS, CSET, DELAY
120 'RESERVED DEF SEG VALUE NAME: DSEG
130 '
140 'NAMES DEFINED AND USED BY HEADER:
150 '
               ADAPT%, AI, COUNT, FOUND%,
160 '
              HNAME$, SG%, STAT%
170 '
180 '
190 'When using the BASICA Interpreter, this header
200 'must be executed before any function calls are
210 'made that access the DAAC adapter. It initializes
220 'a number of variables for each function call. These
230 'variables are reserved and should not be used except
240 'to access the DAAC adapter. This routine also does a
250 'DEF SEG to the segment where the DAAC Device Driver
260 '(DAC.COM) is loaded. If you execute a DEF SEG to
270 'access other hardware, you must DEF SEG to the segment
280 'of the DAAC Device Driver before any subsequent
290 'calls to access the DAAC adapter.
300 '
310 '
320 \text{ FOUND}\% = 0
330 \text{ SG}\% = \&\text{H2E}
340 'Start searching the interrupt vectors until you find
350 'one that points to the DAAC device driver.
360 'Do a DEF SEG to that segment.
370 WHILE ((SG% \leftarrow &H3E) AND (FOUND% = 0))
380
          DEF SEG = 0
          DSEG = PEEK(SG%) + PEEK(SG% + 1) * 256
390
400
         DEF SEG = DSEG
410
         HNAMES=""
420
         FOR AI=10 TO 17
430
                  HNAME$ = HNAME$ + CHR$(PEEK(AI))
440
         NEXT AI
         IF HNAME$ = "DAAC " AND PEEK(18) + PEEK(19) <>
450
          O THEN FOUND% = 1
460
         SG\% = SG\% + 4
470 WEND
480 IF FOUND% = 0 THEN PRINT "ERROR: DEVICE DRIVER DAC.COM
    NOT FOUND" : END
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS - Balance Calibration Program

```
490 'Now initialize all function name variables for calls
500 'to access the device driver.
              = PEEK(\&H13) * 256 + PEEK(\&H12)
510 AINM
               = PEEK(\&H15) * 256 + PEEK(\&H14)
520 AINS
               = PEEK(&H17) * 256 + PEEK(&H16)
530 AINSC
               = PEEK(\&H19) * 256 + PEEK(\&H18)
540 AOUM
               = PEEK(\&HlB) * 256 + PEEK(\&HlA)
550 AOUS
               = PEEK(&H1D) * 256 + PEEK(&H1C)
= PEEK(&H1F) * 256 + PEEK(&H1E)
560 BINM
570 BINS
580 BITINS
               = PEEK(\&H21) * 256 + PEEK(\&H20)
                = PEEK(\&H23) * 256 + PEEK(\&H22)
590 BITOUS
               = PEEK(&H25) * 256 + PEEK(&H24)
= PEEK(&H27) * 256 + PEEK(&H26)
600 BOUM
610 BOUS
               = PEEK(\&H29) * 256 + PEEK(\&H28)
620 CINM
                = PEEK(\&H2B) * 256 + PEEK(\&H2A)
630 CINS
                = PEEK(&H2D) * 256 + PEEK(&H2C)
= PEEK(&H2F) * 256 + PEEK(&H2E)
640 CSET
650 DELAY
660 'Finally, execute any call to re-initialize the
670 'device driver from any former invocation of BASIC.
680 \text{ ADAPT}\% = 0
690 \text{ COUNT} = 1
700 \text{ STAT}\% = 0
710 CALL DELAY (ADAPT%, COUNT, STAT%)
720 1
730 'End of DAAC BASICA Header
740 '
750 REM-----BALCAL.BAS (CALIBRATE BALANCE)----
760 REM
765
     DIM L(100), D(100), Y(100), PM(100), YM(100), RM(100), LBS(
     100)
769 DIM DAT(399), DAT%(399), DAT1(399), DAT1%(399)
770
     FOR I = 1 TO 12
780
        IF I = 1 THEN FILES = "LIFTP"
790
        IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
800
        IF I = 3 THEN FILES = "YAWP"
810
        IF I = 4 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMP"
        IF I = 5 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
820
        IF I = 6 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMP"
830
840
        IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
        IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
850
        IF I = 9 THEN FILE$ = "YAWN"
860
        IF I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"
870
        IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
880
        IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
890
900 REM
910
     REM
920
     GOSUB 1380 'RECORD CALIBRATION DATA
930
     NEXT I
940
     CLS
     LOCATE 10,5:PRINT "CALCULATING CALIBRATION CONSTANTS,
950
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

## PLEASE WAIT"

- 960 GOSUB 2100 'CALCULATE K1&K2 FOR ALL PRIME GAGES
- 970 GOSUB 2640 'CONVERT COUNTS TO FORCES
- 980 GOSUB 3180 'CALCULATE INTERACTION CONSTANTS
- 990 REM
- 1000 REM STORE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS
- 1010 OPEN "C:CONST" FOR OUTPUT AS #1
- 1020 WRITE #1, INCALL, INCALD, INCALY, INCALPM, INCALYM, INCALRM
- 1040 WRITE #1, K1LPOS, K2LPOS, K1DPOS, K2DPOS, K1YPOS, K2YPOS
- 1050 WRITE #1, KlpMpos, K2pMpos, K1YMpos, K2YMpos, K1RMpos, K2RMpos
- 1060 WRITE #1, Kllneg, K2LNEG, KlDNEG, K2DNEG, K1YNEG, K2YNEG
- 1070 WRITE #1, K1PMNEG, K2PMNEG, K1YMNEG, K2YMNEG, K1RMNEG, K2RMNEG
- 1080 WRITE #1,DDDL1P,DDDL2P,DYDL1P,DYDL2P,DPMDL1P,DPMDL2P
  ,DYMDL1P,DYMDL2P
- 1090 WRITE #1, DRMDL1P, DRMDL2P
- 1100 WRITE #1, DLDD1P, DLDD2P, DYDD1P, DYDD2P, DPMDD1P, DPMDD2P, DYMDD1P, DYMDD2P
- 1110 WRITE #1, DRMDD1P, DRMDD2P
- 1120 WRITE #1, DLDY1P, DLDY2P, DDDY1P, DDDY2P, DPMDY1P, DPMDY2P, DYMDY1P, DYMDY2P
- 1130 WRITE #1, DRMDY1P, DRMDY2P
- WRITE #1, DLDPM1P, DLDPM2P, DDDPM1P, DDDPM2P, DYDPM1P, DYDPM1P, DYMDPM1P, DYMDPM2P
- 1150 WRITE #1, DRMDPM1P, DRMDPM2P
- 1160 WRITE #1, DLDYM1P, DLDYM2P, DDDYM1P, DDDYM2P, DYDYM1P, DYD YM2P, DPMDYM1P, DPMDYM2P
- 1170 WRITE #1, DRMDYM1P, DRMDYM2P
- 1180 WRITE #1, DLDRM1P, DLDRM2P, DDDRM1P, DDDRM2P, DYDRM1P, DYDRM2P, DPMDRM1P, DPMDRM2P
- 1190 WRITE #1, DYMDRM1P, DYMDRM2P
- 1200 WRITE #1, DDDL1N, DDDL2N, DYDL1N, DYDL2N, DPMDL1N, DPMDL2N, DYMDL1N, DYMDL2N
- 1210 WRITE #1, DRMDL1N, DRMDL2N
- 1220 WRITE #1, DLDD1N, DLDD2N, DYDD1N, DYDD2N, DPMDD1N, DPMDD2N, DYMDD1N, DYMDD2N
- 1230 WRITE #1, DRMDD1N, DRMDD2N
- 1240 WRITE #1, DLDY1N, DLDY2N, DDDY1N, DDDY2N, DPMDY1N, DPMDY2N, DYMDY1N, DYMDY2N
- 1250 WRITE #1, DRMDY1N, DRMDY2N
- 1260 WRITE #1, DLDPM1N, DLDPM2N, DDDPM1N, DDDPM2N, DYDPM1N, DYDPM2N, DYMDPM1N
- 1270 WRITE #1, DYMDPM2N, DRMDPM1N, DRMDPM2N
- 1280 WRITE #1, DLDYM1N, DLDYM2N, DDDYM1N, DDDYM2N, DYDYM1N, DYD YM2N, DPMDYM1N
- 1290 WRITE #1, DPMDYM2N, DRMDYM1N, DRMDYM2N
- 1300 WRITE #1, DLDRMIN, DLDRM2N, DDDRM1N, DDDRM2N, DYDRMIN, DYDRM2N, DPMDRM1N
- 1310 WRITE #1, DPMDRM2N, DYMDRM1N, DYMDRM2N

```
1320
     CLOSE #1
1330 CLS: LOCATE 10,5
1340 PRINT " CALIBRATION COMPLETE"
1350 END
     REM
1360
1370 REM
1380 REM---RECORD CALIBRATION DATA-----
1401 COLOR 15,1: KEY OFF: CLS
1402 PRINT "CALIBRATION FOR THE LOADING OF THE ";FILE$;"
      COMPONENT"
1403 PRINT: INPUT "AFTER ALL AMPLIFIERS ARE ZEROED PRESS
     RETURN";X
1404 CLS
1405 PRINT " ZD
                           ZL
                                    zy
                                                 ZPM
                                                            ZYM
      ZRM "
1406 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1407 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
1408 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
1409 \text{ ZD} = 0:\text{ZPM} = 0:\text{ZL} = 0:\text{ZYM} = 0
1410 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1411 FOR J = 0 TO 396 STEP 4
1412 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1413 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD} + \text{DAT}(J)
1414 NEXT J
1415 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD}/100
1416 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 397 \text{ STEP } 4
1417 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1418 ZL = ZL + DAT(J)
1419 NEXT J
1420 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
1421 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1422 \text{ ZPM} = \text{ZPM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1423 NEXT J
1424 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
1425 \text{ DAT}(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1426 \text{ ZYM} = \text{ZYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1427 NEXT J
1428 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1429 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=1
1430 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
1431 ZY =0:ZRM=0
1432 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1435 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 198 \text{ STEP } 2
1436 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
1437 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM} + \text{DATl}(J)
1438 NEXT J
```

```
1439 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM}/100
1440 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 199 \text{ STEP } 2
1441 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) - 10
1442 \text{ ZY} = \text{ZY} + \text{DAT1}(J)
1443 NEXT J
1444 ZL=ZL/100:ZPM=ZPM/100:ZYM=ZYM/100:ZY=ZY/100
1445 LOCATE 3,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; ZD: LOCATE 3,10: PRI
     NT USING "+#.##"; ZL
1446 LOCATE 3,19: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZY
1447 LOCATE 3,28: PRINT USING "+#.##"; ZPM
1448 LOCATE 3,37: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZYM
1449 LOCATE 3,46: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZRM
1451 REM
1452 PRINT: PRINT
1453 INPUT "AFTER PLACING ALL CAL SWITCHES TO + SETTING HIT
     RETURN"; X
1454 PRINT
1455 PRINT " CALD CLL CALY
                                           CALPM
                                                      CALYM
      CALRM"
1456 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1457 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
1458 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
1459 CALD=0:CLL=0:CALYM=0:CALPM=0
1460 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1461 FOR J = 0 TO 396 STEP 4
1462 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1463 CALD = CALD + DAT(J)
1464 NEXT J
1465 \text{ CALD} = \text{CALD}/100
1466 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 397 \text{ STEP } 4
1467 \text{ DAT}(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1468 \text{ CLL} = \text{CLL} + \text{DAT}(J)
1469 NEXT J
1470 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
1471 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1472 CALPM = CALPM + DAT(J)
1473 NEXT J
1474 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
1475 \text{ DAT}(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1476 \text{ CALYM} = \text{CALYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1477 NEXT J
1478 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1479 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=1
1480 CALL AINSC (ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
1481 CALY =0:CALRM=0
1482 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

STAT%: END

```
1485 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 198 \text{ STEP } 2
1486 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
1487 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM} + \text{DAT1}(J)
1488 NEXT J
1489 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM}/100
1490 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 199 \text{ STEP } 2
1491 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) -10
1492 \text{ CALY} = \text{CALY} + \text{DAT1}(J)
1493 NEXT J
1494 CLL=CLL/100:CALPM=CALPM/100:CALYM=CALYM/100:CALY=CALY
      /100
1495 LOCATE 10,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALD
1496 LOCATE 10,10: PRINT USING "+#.##";CLL
1497 LOCATE 10,19: PRINT USING "+#.##"; CALY
1498 LOCATE 10,28: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALPM
1499 LOCATE 10,37: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALYM
1500 LOCATE 10,46: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALRM
1501 REM
1502 REM
1503
         IF I = 1 THEN INCALL = CLL - ZL
         IF I = 2 THEN INCALD = CALD - ZD
1510
1520 IF I = 3 THEN INCALY = CALT - ZY
1530 IF I = 4 THEN INCALPM = CALPM - ZPM
1540 IF I = 5 THEN INCALYM = CALYM - ZYM
       IF I = 6 THEN INCALRM = CALRM - ZRM
1550
1611 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS ENTER (RETURN) TO CONTINUE"; X
1620 CLS:PRINT "RETURN ALL CAL SWITCHES TO CENTER POSITION"
1630 PRINT:
 1640 PRINT "LOAD THE "; FILE$; " GAGE FROM 0 TO 20 POUNDS AND
      THEN BACK TO O"
1650 PRINT "POUNDS IN 1 POUND INCREMENTS. THERE SHOULD BE
      TWO READINGS FOR"
 1660 PRINT "EACH POUND WEIGHT EXCEPT FOR THE LOAD AT 20
      POUNDS WHICH WILL HAVE"
 1670 PRINT "ONLY ONE READING"
 1680 PRINT
 1690 PRINT "PRESS THE F1 KEY WHEN THE LOADING IS FINISHED"
 1700 PRINT "PRESS THE F2 KEY WHEN READY TO RECORD THE DATA
      FOR THAT LOAD"
 1701 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS ENTER (RETURN) TO CONTINUE";X
 1702 CLS
 1703 PRINT " DRAG LIFT YAW PITCH
             11
      ROLL
 1704 PRINT "
                                              MOM. MOM.
      MOM. "
 1710 \text{ SOAP} = 0: N=4
 1720 \text{ FOR } K = 1 \text{ TO } 100
 1730 ON KEY(1) GOSUB 1830 'SET STOP FLAG
 1740 ON KEY(2) GOSUB 1841
                                  'RECORD DATA
 1750 KEY(1) ON: KEY(2) ON
```

```
1760 \text{ IF SOAP} = 2 \text{ THEN GOTO } 1780
1770 IF SOAP = 1 THEN GOTO 1920
1775 GOTO 1730
1780 \text{ SOAP} = 0
1790 NOD% = K
1800 NEXT K
1810 GOTO 1920
1830 REM SET STOP FLAG
1838 \text{ SOAP} = 1
1839 RETURN
1840 REM STEPS TO RECORD DATA
1841 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1842 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
1843 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
1844 D(K) = 0:L(K) = 0:YM(K) = 0:PM(K) = 0
1845 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1846 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP } 4
1847 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1848 D(K) = D(K) + DAT(J)
1849 NEXT J
1850 D(K) = D(K)/100
1851 FOR J = 1 TO 397 STEP 4
1852 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1853 L(K) = L(K) + DAT(J)
1854 NEXT J
1855 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
1856 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1857 PM(K) = PM(K) + DAT(J)
1858 NEXT J
1859 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
1860 DAT(J) = (DAT%(J)/204.8) - 10
1861 \text{ YM}(K) = \text{YM}(K) + \text{DAT}(J)
1862 NEXT J
1863 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1864 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=1
1865 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
1866 \text{ Y(K)} = 0:RM(K) = 0
1867 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1868 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 198 \text{ STEP } 2
1869 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
1870 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K) + \text{DAT1}(J)
1871 NEXT J
1872 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K)/100
1873 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 199 \text{ STEP } 2
1874 \text{ DAT1}(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) - 10
1875 Y(K) = Y(K) + DATI(J)
```

```
1876 NEXT J
1877 L(K) = L(K) / 100: PM(K) = PM(K) / 100: YM(K) = YM(K) / 100: Y(K) = Y(K) = Y(K) / 100: Y(K) = Y(K) / 
            K)/100
              IF N> 23 THEN N=4:CLS:PRINT " DRAG
                                                                                                             LIFT
                                                                                                                                     YAW
1878
                                      YAW ROLL ":PRINT "
              PITCH
                                                               MOM. "
                                          MOM.
1879 LOCATE N,1: PRINT USING "+#.##";D(K)
1880 LOCATE N, 10: PRINT USING "+#.###"; L(K)
1881 LOCATE N,19: PRINT USING "+#.##";Y(K)
1882 LOCATE N, 28: PRINT USING "+#.###"; PM(K)
1883 LOCATE N, 37: PRINT USING "+#.##"; YM(K)
1884 LOCATE N,46: PRINT USING "+#.###"; RM(K)
1885 N=N+1
1900 \text{ SOAP} = 2
1910 RETURN
                                  'GO BACK FOR NEXT DATA POINT
1920 '---CORRECT FOR DRIFT-----
1921 DIFFL = (L(NOD^*)-L(1)): DIFFD=(D(NOD^*)-D(1)): DIFFY=(Y(
            NOD%) - Y(1)
1922 DIFFPM=(PM(NOD%)-PM(1)):DIFFYM=(YM(NOD%)-YM(1)):DIFFR
            M = (RM(NOD%) - RM(1))
1923 D=NOD%-1
1924 CORL=DIFFL/D:CORD=DIFFD/D:CORY=DIFFY/D:CORPM=DIFFPM/D
            :CORYM=DIFFYM/D:CORRM=DIFFRM/D
1925 A=1
1926 FOR K = 2 TO NOD%
1927 L(K) = L(K) - (A*CORL)
1928 D(K) = D(K) - (A*CORD)
1929 Y(K) = Y(K) - (A*CORY)
1930 PM(K) = PM(K) - (A*CORPM)
1931 YM(K) = YM(K) - (A*CORYM)
1932 RM(K) = RM(K) - (A * CORRM)
1933
              A = A+1
1934 NEXT K
1935 '---WRITE DATA TO FILE----
1940 FILE$ = "C:"+FILE$
1950 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
1960 WRITE #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, NOD%
1970 WRITE #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
1971 IF I=1 OR I=2 OR I=3 THEN GOTO 2079
1972 IF I=7 OR I=8 OR I=9 THEN GOTO 2067
1976 \text{ LBS} = 0
1977 FOR J = 1 TO 11
                    IF I=4 OR I=10 THEN D1=20
1978
                    IF I=5 OR I=11 THEN D1=4.5
1979
                    IF I=6 OR I=12 THEN D1=11.5
1980
                    MOM = LBS*D1 'CONVERT TO MOMENTS
1981
1982
                    IF I=10 OR I=11 OR I=12 THEN MOM=MOM*(-1)
1983
                  WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),MOM
1984
                    LBS = LBS+1
                  NEXT J
1985
```

```
1986 LBS = 9
1987 FOR J = 12 TO NOD%
1988 IF I=4 OR I=10 THEN D1=20
1989
       IF I=5 OR I=11 THEN D1=4.5
       IF I=6 OR I=12 THEN D1=11.5
1990
       MOM = LBS*D1 'CONVERT TO MOMENTS
1991
      IF I=10 OR I=11 OR I=12 THEN MOM=MOM*(-1)
1992
1993
       WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),MOM
1994
        LBS = LBS-1
1995
       NEXT J
1996 CLOSE #1
1997 RETURN
               'GO BACK TO SET UP NEXT CALIBRATION
2067 LBS = 0
2068 \text{ FOR } J = 1 \text{ TO } 21
2069
        WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
2070
        LBS = LBS - 1
2071
       NEXT J
2072 LBS = -19
2073 FOR J = 22 TO NOD%
2074
        WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
2075
        LBS = LBS + 1
2076
       NEXT J
2077 CLOSE #1
2078 RETURN
                'GO BACK TO SET UP NEXT CALIBRATION
2079 \text{ LBS} = 0
2080 FOR J = 1 TO 21
2081 WRITE #1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
2082
        LBS = LBS + 1
2083
       NEXT J
2084 LBS = 19
2085 FOR J = 22 TO NOD%
2086
        WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
        LBS = LBS - 1
2087
        NEXT J
2088
2089 CLOSE #1
2090 RETURN 'GO BACK TO SET UP NEXT CALIBRATION
2100 REM-------
2110 REM CALCULATE K1&K2 FOR PRIME GAGES
2120 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO } 12
        IF I = 1 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTP"
2130
2140
        IF I = 2 THEN FILES = "DRAGP"
        IF I = 3 THEN FILE$ = "YAWP"
2150
        IF I = 4 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMP"
2160
        IF I = 5 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
2170
       IF I = 6 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMP"
2180
        IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
2190
       IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
2200
       IF I = 9 THEN FILE$ = "YAWN"

IF I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"

IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
2210
2220
2230
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
2240 IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
2250 GOSUB 2295 'READ FILES AND PERFORM CALCULATIONS
2260 NEXT I
2270 RETURN 'GO BACK TO CONVERT COUNTS
2280 REM
2290 REM
2295 A=0:B=0:C=0:D=0:E=0:
2300 OPEN "C:"+FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
2310 INPUT #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, NOD%
2320 INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
2340 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
        INPUT \#2,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
2350
            IF I = 1 OR I = 7 THEN X = L(J)
2360
            IF I = 2 OR I = 8 THEN X = D(J)
2370
            IF I = 3 OR I = 9 THEN X = Y(J)
2380
            IF I = 4 OR I = 10 THEN X = PM(J)
2390
            IF I = 5 OR I = 11 THEN X = YM(J)
2400
           IF I = 6 OR I = 12 THEN X = RM(J)
2410
2420   A = A + (X^2)

2430   B = B + (X^3)
2440 C = C + (X^4)

2450 D = D + (X*LBS(J))

2460 E = E + (X*X*LBS(J))

2470 NEXT J
2480 CLOSE #2
2490 K2 = ((D/A)-(E/B))/((B/A)-(C/B))
2500 K1 = (D/A) - (K2*(B/A))
2510 IF I = 1 THEN K1LPOS = K1: K2LPOS = K2
2520 IF I = 2 THEN K1DPOS = K1: K2DPOS = K2
2530 IF I = 3 THEN Klypos = K1: K2YPOS = K2
2540 IF I = 4 THEN K1PMPOS = K1: K2PMPOS = K2
2550 IF I = 5 THEN KLYMPOS = K1: K2YMPOS = K2
2560 IF I = 6 THEN K1RMPOS = K1: K2RMPOS = K2
2570 IF I = 7 THEN K1LNEG = K1: K2LNEG = K2
2580 IF I = 8 THEN K1DNEG = K1: K2DNEG = K2
2590 IF I = 9 THEN KLYNEG = K1: K2YNEG = K2
2600 IF I = 10 THEN K1PMNEG = K1: K2PMNEG = K2
2610 IF I = 11 THEN KLYMNEG = K1: K2YMNEG = K2
2620 IF I = 12 THEN K1RMNEG = K1: K2RMNEG = K2
2630 RETURN 'GO BACK TO CALCULATE K1&K2 FOR NEXT FILE
2640 REM-----
2650 REM CONVERT COUNTS TO FORCES
2660 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO } 12
2670
        IF I = 1 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTP"
2680
        IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
       IF I = 3 THEN FILE$ = "YAWP"
2690
       IF I = 4 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMP"
2700
2710
       IF I = 5 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
      IF I = 6 THEN FILES = "ROLLMP"
2720
2730 IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
2740
        IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
        IF I = 9 THEN FILES = "YAWN"
2750
        IF I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"
2760
2770
        IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
        IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
2780
                   'READ IN FILE AND CONVERT
2790 GOSUB 2835
2800 NEXT I
                'GO BACK TO CALCULATE INTERACTON CONSTANTS
2810 RETURN
2820 REM
2830 REM
2835 A=0:B=0:C=0:D=0:E=0:F=0
2840 OPEN "C:"+FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
2850 INPUT #2,ZL,ZD,ZY,ZPM,ZYM,ZRM,NOD%
2860 INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
2870 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
        INPUT #2,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
2880
2890
        A = ((INCALL/CLL-ZL) * (L(J)-ZL))
2900
        B = ((INCALD/CALD-ZD) * (D(J)-ZD))
2910
        C = ((INCALY/CALY-ZY)*(Y(J)-ZY))
2920
        D = ((INCALPM/CALPM-ZPM) * (PM(J)-ZPM))
2930
        E = ((INCALYM/CALYM-ZYM)*(YM(J)-ZYM))
2940
        F = ((INCALRM/CALRM-ZRM)*(RM(J)-ZRM))
2950
        IF L(J) < 0 THEN K1 = K1LNEG: K2 = K2LNEG ELSE K1
        = K1LPOS:K2 = K2LPOS
2960
        L(J) = (K1*A) + (K2*(A^2))
2970
        IF D(J) < 0 THEN K1 = K1DNEG: K2 = K2DNEG ELSE K1
        = K1DPOS:K2 = K2DPOS
2980
        D(J) = (K1*B) + (K2*(B^2))
2990
        IF Y(J) < 0 THEN K1 = K1YNEG: K2 = K2YNEG ELSE K1
        = KlYPOS:K2 = K2YPOS
3000
        Y(J) = (K1*C) + (K2*(C^2))
        IF PM(J) < 0 THEN K1=K1PMNEG: K2=K2PMNEG ELSE K1=K1
3010
        PMPOS: K2=K2 PMPOS
3020
        PM(J) = (K1*D) + (K2*(D^2))
3030
        IF YM(J) < 0 THEN K1=K1YMNEG: K2=K2YMNEG ELSE K1=K1
        YMPOS: K2=K2YMPOS
3040
        YM(J) = (K1*E) + (K2*(E^2))
        IF RM(J) < 0 THEN K1=K1RMNEG: K2=K2RMNEG ELSE K1=K1
3050
        RMPOS: K2=K2RMPOS
3060
        RM(J) = (K1*F) + (K2*(F^2))
3070
        NEXT J
3080 CLOSE #2
3090 REM SAVE CONVERTED COUNTS
3100 OPEN "B:"+FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
3110 WRITE #1,ZL,ZD,ZY,ZPM,ZYM,ZRM,NOD%
3120 WRITE #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
3130 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
3140
        WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
3150
        NEXT J
3155 CLOSE #1
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
3160 RETURN 'GO BACK TO CALCULATE INTERACTION CONSTANTS
3170 REM----
3180 REM CALCULATE INTERACTION CONSTANTS
3190 FOR I = 1 TO 12
        IF I = 1 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTP"
3200
3210
        IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
        IF I = 3 THEN FILES = "YAWP"
3220
        IF I = 4 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMP"
3230
        IF I = 5 THEN FILES = "YAWMP"
3240
        IF I = 6 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMP"
3250
        IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
3260
        IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
3270
        IF I = 9 THEN FILES = "YAWN"
3280
        IF I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"
3290
        IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
3300
        IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
3310
3320 GOSUB 3365 'READ IN FILES AND CALCULATE CONSTANTS
3330 NEXT I
                'GO BACK TO SAVE CALIBRATION DATA
3340 RETURN
3350 REM
3360 REM
3365 A=0:B=0:C=0:D1=0:D2=0:D3=0:D4=0:D5=0:E1=0:E2=0:E3=0:E
     4=0:E5=0
3370 OPEN "B:"+FILES FOR INPUT AS #2
3380 INPUT #2,ZL,ZD,ZY,ZPM,ZYM,ZRM,NOD%
3390 INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
3410 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
        INPUT \#2,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
3420
3430
        IF I=1 OR I=7 THEN X=L(J):Y1=D(J):Y2=Y(J):Y3=PM(J)
     : Y4 = YM(J) : Y5 = RM(J)
3440
        IF I=2 OR I=8 THEN X=D(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=Y(J):Y3=PM(J)
     : Y4=YM(J): Y5=RM(J)
3450
        IF I=3 OR I=9 THEN X=Y(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=PM(J)
     : Y4=YM(J):Y5=RM(J)
3460
        IF I=4 OR I=10 THEN X=PM(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=Y(J)
     : Y4 = YM(J) : Y5 = RM(J)
        IF I=5 OR I=11 THEN X=YM(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=Y(J)
3470
     : Y4 = PM(J) : Y5 = RM(J)
3480
        IF I=6 OR I=12 THEN X=RM(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=Y(J)
     :Y4=PM(J):Y5=YM(J)
        A = A + (X^2)
3490
        B = B + (X^3)
3500
        C = C + (X^4)
3510
3520
        D1 = D1 + (X*Y1)
        E1 = E1 + ((X^2)*Y1)
3530
        D2 = D2 + (X*Y2)
3540
3550
        E2 = E2 + ((X^2)*Y2)
        D3 = D3 + (X*Y3)
3560
        E3 = E3 + ((X^2)*Y3)
3570
        D4 = D4 + (X*Y4)
3580
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
D5 = D5 + (X*Y5)
3600
3610 E5 = E5 + ((X^2)*Y5)
3620 NEXT J
3630 CLOSE #2
3640 \text{ Kl2} = ((D1/A) - (E1/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3650 \text{ Kll} = (D1/A) - (K12*(B/A))
3660 \text{ K22} = ((D2/A) - (E2/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3670 \text{ K21} = (D2/A) - (K22*(B/A))
3680 K32 = ((D3/A) - (E3/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3690 \text{ K31} = (D3/A) - (K32*(B/A))
3700 K42 = ((D4/A) - (E4/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3710 \text{ K41} = (D4/A) - (K42*(B/A))
3720 \text{ K52} = ((D5/A) - (E5/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3730 \text{ K51} = (D5/A) - (K52*(B/A))
3740 IF I=1 THEN DDDL1P=K11:DDDL2P=K12:DYDL1P=K21:DYDL2P=K
     22:DPMDL1P=K31
3750 IF I=1 THEN DPMDL2P=K32:DYMDL1P=K41:DYMDL2P=K42:DRMDL
     1P=K51:DRMDL2P=K52
3760 IF I=2 THEN DLDD1P=K11:DLDD2P=K12:DYDD1P=K21:DYDD2P=K
     22:DPMDD1P=K31
3770 IF I=2 THEN DPMDD2P=K32:DYMDD1P=K41:DYMDD2P=K42:DRMDD
     1P=K51:DRMDD2P=K52
3780 IF I=3 THEN DLDY1P=K11:DLDY2P=K12:DDDY1P=K21:DDDY2P=K
     22:DPMDY1P=K31
3790 IF I=3 THEN DPMDY2P=K32:DYMDY1P=K41:DYMDY2P=K42:DRMDY
     1P=K51:DRMDY2P=K52
3800 IF I=4 THEN DLDPM1P=K11:DLDPM2P=K12:DDDPM1P=K21:DDDPM
     2P=K22:DYDPM1P=K31
3810 IF I=4 THEN DYDPM2P=K32:DYMDPM1P=K41:DYMDPM2P=K42:DRM
     DPM1P=K51:DRMDPM2P=K52
3820 IF I=5 THEN DLDYM1P=K11:DLDYM2P=K12:DDDYM1P=K21:DDDYM
     2P=K22:DYDYM1P=K31
3830 IF I=5 THEN DYDYM2P=K32:DPMDYM1P=K41:DPMDYM2P=K42:DRM
     DYM1P=K51:DRMDYM2P=K52
3840 IF I=6 THEN DLDRM1P=K11:DLDRM2P=K12:DDDRM1P=K21:DDDRM
     2P=K22:DYDRM1P=K31
3850 IF I=6 THEN DYDRM2P=K32:DPMDRM1P=K41:DPMDRM2P=K42:DYM
     DRM1P=K51:DYMDRM2P=K52
3860 IF I=7 THEN DDDL1N=K11:DDDL2N=K12:DYDL1N=K21:DYDL2N=K
     22:DPMDL1N=K31
3870 IF I=7 THEN DPMDL2N=K32:DYMDL1N=K41:DYMDL2N=K42:DRMDL
     1N=K51:DRMDL2N=K52
3880 IF I=8 THEN DLDD1N=K11:DLDD2N=K12:DYDD1N=K21:DYDD2N=K
     22:DPMDD1N=K31
3890 IF I=8 THEN DPMDD2N=K32:DYMDD1N=K41:DYMDD2N=K42:DRMDD
     1N=K51:DRMDD2N=K52
3900 IF I=9 THEN DLDY1N=K11:DLDY2N=K12:DDDY1N=K21:DDDY2N=K
     22:DPMDY1N=K31
3910 IF I=9 THEN DPMDY2N=K32:DYMDY1N=K41:DYMDY2N=K42:DRMDY
```

3590

 $E4 = E4 + ((X^2)*Y4)$ 

- 1N=K51:DRMDY2N=K52
- 3920 IF I=10 THEN DLDPM1N=K11:DLDPM2N=K12:DDDPM1N=K21:DDDP M2N=K22:DYDPM1N=K31
- 3930 IF I=10 THEN DYDPM2N=K32:DYMDPM1N=K41:DYMDPM2N=K42:DR MDPM1N=K51
- 3940 IF I=10 THEN DRMDPM2N=K52
- 3950 IF I=11 THEN DLDYM1N=K11:DLDYM2N=K12:DDDYM1N=K21:DDDY M2N=K22:DYDYM1N=K31
- 3960 IF I=11 THEN DYDYM2N=K32:DPMDYM1N=K41:DPMDYM2N=K42:DR MDYM1N=K51
- 3970 IF I=11 THEN DRMDYM2N=K52
- 3980 IF I=12 THEN DLDRM1N=K11:DLDRM2N=K12:DDDRM1N=K21:DDDR M2N=K22:DYDRM1N=K31
- 3990 IF I=12 THEN DYDRM2N=K32:DPMDRM1N=K41:DPMDRM2N=K42:DY MDRM1N=K51
- 4000 IF I=12 THEN DYMDRM2N=K52
- 4010 RETURN 'GOBACK TO SAVE CALIBRATION DATA

APPENDIX B

## INITIAL SET-UP FOR THE MODEL 8255 TRANSDUCER AMPLIFIER

Amp. #	Component	Gain Set.	Filter Set.	Ex. Volt.
1	DRAG	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
2	LIFT	MAX VAR.	1	+6.5
3	PITCH M.	lK	1	+5.0
4	YAW M.	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
5	ROLL M.	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
6	YAW	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
7	AOA	lK	1	+5.0

Table B.1 Amplifier Set-Up

LOADS LBS.	0.000	3.000	5.000	7.000 B.000	9.000	11.000	12.000	14.000	15.000	17.000	18.000	19.000	20.000	19.000	18.000	17.000	16.000	15.000	14.000	13.000	12.000
RM INLBS.	0.186 14.516 29.482	43.893	73.570 88.797	104.396 119.488	135,242	167.287	183.977	216.548	233.051	266.391	283.582	300.855	316.969	301.018	284.159	266.569	250.179	233,317	216.317	200.854	184.612
YM INLBS.	0.004 0.287 0.625	0.912 1.278	1.607 1.854	2.217	2.963	3.441	3.812 4.125	4.458	4.798	5.411	5.768	760.9	6.387	6.064	5.795	5.440	5.157	4.785	4.570	4.098	3.864
FA INLBS.	-0.011 0.378 0.891	1.435	2.713 3.158	3.596 4.368	4.782 5.261	5.818	6.286 6.754	7.583	B. 123	9.320	9.872	10.391	11.033	10.611	9.914	9.537	8.877	8,168	7.745	•	6.782
, ∟BS.	-0.007 0.045 0.049		0.153	8 8		0.351	0.399	0.479	0.494	0.544	0.520	0.669	0.553	0.586		•	0.429	0.487	0.519	0.396	0.369
D LBS.	0.113	-4.074 -5.052	-6.129 -7.449	-8.869 -10.076	-11.329	-14.106	-15.140 -16.199	-17.125	-18.477	-21.004	-22.130	-23.641	-24.989	-23,486	-22.140	-20.774	-19.346	-18.680	-17.414	-16.133	-15.067
L LBS.	-0.071 0.280 1.585	1.664 2.848	4.271 5.375	6.020 7.221	7.526	9.933	10.405	12.926	12.718	16.137	17.027	18.145	19.308	18.069	17.189	16.028	15.428	13.816	13,337	12.021	11.244

Table B.2 Loading for Positive Lift

LOADS LBS.	11.000	9.000	8.000	7.000	000.9	2.000	4.000	3.000	2.000	1.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	167.852	135.368	119.388	104.478	.89.744	73.372	60.023	44.615	29.709	14.989	0.186
YM INLBS.	3.451	2.977	2.539	2.258	1.940	1.681	1.331	1.008	0.664	0.299	0.004
PM INLBS.	5.974	5.090	4.526	3,930	3.468	3,104	2,234	1.762	1.434	0.676	-0.011
≺ LBS.	0.356	0.337	0.215	0.218	0.201	0.155	0.153	0.095	0.083	0.044	-0.007
D LBS.	-13,455	-12.083 -10.766	-9.671	-8.578	-7.069	-5.886	-4.496	-3.641	-2.358	-1.266	0.113
LBS.	10.546	8.900 8.123	7.659	6.445	5.031	4.466	3,732	2.653	1.772	0.562	-0.071

Table B.2 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	0.000	- 3,000 - 4,000 - 5,000 - 7,000	-8.000 -9.000 -10.000	-12.000 -13.000 -14.000	-15.000 -16.000 -17.000 -18.000	-14.000 -13.000 -15.000 -15.000 -13.000
RM INLBS.	0.706 -16.872 -34.542	-51.716 -68.610 -85.823 -103.785 -121.931	-139,943 -158,430 -176,471 -193,887	-212.924 -232.423 -250.647	-268.582 -287.888 -306.602 -326.103 -345.674	-346.843 -327.285 -308.430 -288.934 -259.874 -250.898
YM INLBS.	-0.035 -0.378 -0.870				-5.405 -6.299 -6.741 -7.032 -7.589	
PM INLBS.	0.045	-2.269 -3.274 -3.799 -4.476 -5.340	-6.035 -6.650 -7.712 -8.475	-9.073 -9.915 -10.695	-11.2/1 -12.181 -12.977 -13.536 -14.373	-14.438 -13.515 -12.307 -11.367 -10.647 -9.848
, LBS.	-0.017 -0.048 -0.067	-0.084 -0.101 -0.123 -0.138	-0.171 -0.189 -0.202 -0.219	-0.239 -0.260 -0.268	-0.273 -0.302 -0.311 -0.347	-0.343 -0.324 -0.275 -0.275 -0.260 -0.238
D LBS.	0.100 1.268 3.330	4.523 6.070 7.794 9.236	12.783 13.969 14.954 17.002	18.142 20.122 21.659	22.990 24.511 26.181 28.042 29.447	29.603 28.028 26.287 24.678 23.082 21.942 20.193
LBS.	-0.320 -1.327 -1.621	-2.710 -3.527 -4.738 -5.426	-6.863 -7.750 -9.176 -10.108	-10.618 -11.172 -12.466	-14.763 -15.194 -15.222 -17.686 -18.451	-18.320 -17.685 -16.401 -14.732 -14.621 -13.548 -11.538

Table B.3 Loading for Negative Lift

LOADS LBS.	-11.000	-10.000	-9.000	-B.000	-7.000	-6.000	-5.000	-4.000	-3.000	-2.000	-1.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	-195.012	-177.525	-158.393	-140.009	-122.401	-104.339	-86.772	-68.951	-52.168	-33,987	-16.524	0.706
YM INLBS.									-1.175			
PM INLBS.	-8.528	-7.825	-6.761	-6.053	-5.317	-4.467	-3.946	-3.249	-2.276	-1.613	-1.019	0.045
≺ LBS.	-0.220	-0.189	-0.174	-0.162	-0.149	0.121	-0.111	-0.082	-0.066	-0.055	-0.045	-0.017
D LBS.	17.183	15.609	13.805	12.775	10.903	9.379	7.697	6.110	4.588	3.567	1.625	0.100
L LBS.	-9.829	-8.389	-8.427	-7.429	-6.237	-5.430	-4.382	-3.342	-3.271	-2.342	-0.866	-0.320

Table B.3 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	0.000	4 4 5 000 6 000 9 000 9 000	10.000 10.000	11.000 12.000 13.000	15.000 16.000 17.000 18.000	20.000 19.000 17.000 16.000	14.000 13.000 12.000
RM INLBS.	-0.213 0.227 0.109	0.442 0.363 0.644 1.058	1.871 2.325 2.299	2.527 3.325 3.698 3.726	4.644 5.416 5.589 4.722 5.255	5.224 5.224 5.608 5.542 5.131	3.552 3.460 2.729
YM INLBS.	0.000	0.019 -0.263 -0.318 -0.466	-0.640 -1.701 -1.907 -2.143	-2.592 -2.617 -2.862 -3.161	-3.176 -3.442 -3.709 -3.797 -4.120	-4.351 -4.143 -3.984 -3.826 -3.464	-3.045 -2.962 -2.715
PM INLBS.	0.038 0.027 0.093	0.18/ 0.076 -0.006 0.013	-0.270 -0.570 -0.326	-0.450 -0.625 -0.792 -1.071	-0.995 -1.206 -1.310 -1.285 -1.344	-1.392 -1.299 -1.330 -1.143 -1.055	-0.928 -0.874 -0.651
≺ LBS.	-0.016 -0.041 -0.054	-0.064 -0.064 -0.080	-0.154 -0.153 -0.173	-0.170 -0.189 -0.164 -0.198	-0.178 -0.196 -0.209 -0.186	-0.211 -0.226 -0.230 -0.221 -0.224	-0.231 -0.231 -0.200
D LBS.	0.064	5.640 4.079 4.972 5.636	9.358 9.358 9.969 10.906	11.435 12.786 13.594 14.810	15.565 16.652 17.627 18.299 19.090	20.784 19.611 18.604 18.090 17.036	14.847 14.038 12.790
LBS.	0.144	0.088 -0.409 -0.607 -0.818	-1.108 -1.813 -1.866 -2.733	-4.186 -4.579 -4.202 -4.849	-4.640 -4.720 -5.129 -5.186	-6.112 -5.701 -5.305 -4.171	-4.536 -4.689 -4.359

Table B.4 Loading for Positive Drag

LOADS LBS.	11.000	10.000	9.000	B.000	7.000	000.9	5.000	4.000	3.000	2.000	1.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	2.717	2.598	2.613	1.842	0.818	0.992	0.674	-0.111	-0.176	-0.188	-0.347	-0.213
YM INLBS.	-2.289	-2.100	-1.835	-1.686	-1.442	-1.155	-1.046	-0.826	-0.573	-0.300	-0.116	00000
PM INLBS.	-0.309	-0.205	-0.168	-0.114	-0.139	-0.026	0.018	0.054	0.000	0.206	0.073	0.038
Y LBS.	-0.184	-0.178	-0.170	-0.156	-0.139	-0.119	-0.120	-0.107	-0.075	-0.059	-0.04B	-0.016
D LBS.	11.490	10.758	9.849	8.958	7.860	6.379	5.406	4.629	3.881	2.591	1.637	0.064
L LBS.	-3.948	-3.196	-2.793	-2.011	-1.308	-1.224	-1.152	-1.047	-0.603	-0.330	0.118	0.144

Table B.4 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	0.000		-7.000 -8.000 -9.000	-11.000 -12.000 -13.000	-14.000 -15.000 -17.000 -18.000	-19.000 -20.000 -19.000 -18.000	-15.000 -15.000 -13.000 -12.000
RM INLBS.	0.105 1.577 2.934	4.103 5.706 6.613 8.271	10.216 11.656 13.351 14.560	15.356 17.417 18.810	20.268 21.610 22.911 24.032 25.901	27.110 28.736 27.292 25.689	22.722 21.581 20.197 18.803
YM INLBS.	-0.055 -0.209 -0.241	-0.256 -0.304 -0.211	-0.178 -0.178 -0.193 0.156	0.066 0.031 0.188	0.281 0.372 0.460 0.658	0.573 0.356 0.508 0.518	0.531 0.867 0.308 0.343 0.416
PM INLBS.	0.021 -0.527 -0.856	-0.987 -1.084 -1.097 -1.143	-1.234 -1.563 -1.847 -1.803	-2.081 -2.252 -2.321	-2.413 -2.561 -2.805 -3.038	-3.238 -3.363 -3.308 -3.106	-2.855 -2.509 -2.351 -2.477 -2.359
\ LBS.	0.003 0.007 0.010	0.016 0.004 0.007 0.010	0.016 0.010 0.011	0.020	0.028 0.022 0.026 0.019	0.034 0.030 0.027 0.030	0.024 0.024 0.023 0.024 0.016
D LBS.	0.128 -0.546 -1.706	-2.447 -3.405 -4.182 -5.573	-6.284 -7.019 -7.862 -9.494	-10.430 -11.191 -12.043	-13.275 -14.414 -15.153 -16.192 -17.759	-18.552 -18.979 -18.488 -17.609	-16.764 -15.817 -15.061 -13.449 -12.477 -11.454
LBS.	-0.047 -0.268 -0.376	-0.259 -0.334 0.059	0.271 0.252 0.292 0.428		1.036 1.036 1.392 2.057	2.038 1.611 1.627 1.692	1.75/ 1.882 1.971 1.531 1.392

Table B.5 Loading For Negative Drag

LOADS LBS.	-11.000	-10.000	-9.000	-B.000	-7.000	-6.000	-5.000	-4.000	-3.000	-2.000	-1.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	15.265	14.555	13.526	11.567	10,181	8.384	7.275	6.052	4.407	3.091	1.860	0.105
YM INLBS.	0.291	0.388	-0.193	-0.056	0.005	-0.295	-0.018	-0.185	-0.180	-0.274	-0.192	-0.055
PM INLBS.	-1.892	-1.656	-1.697	-1.297	-1.156	-1.158	-1.046	-0.860	-0.675	-0.354	-0.055	0.021
≺ LBS.	0.021	0.011	0.016	0.023	0.007	0.011	0.004	0.001	0.009	0.017	0.003	0.003
D LBS.	-10.663	-9.766	-8.346	-7.236	-6.647	-5.541	-4.263	-3.582	-2.663	-1.796	-0.502	0.128
LBS.	1.175	1.551	0.874	1.070	1.074	0.948	1.084	0.611	0.807	0.526	0.019	-0.047

Table B.5 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	0.000	3.000 5.000 6.000	7.000 B.000 9.000	11.000 12.000 13.000	14.000 15.000 17.000	18.000 19.000 20.000 19.000	17.000 15.000 14.000 13.000
RM INLBS.	0.120 2.045 4.872	6.369 B.063 9.770 11.992	14.249 16.619 18.883 19.868	21.895 24.728 26.277	28.876 30.882 34.085 36.597	38.280 40.188 43.755 42.953	38.018 34.373 33.498 29.675 27.194 25.729
YM INLBS.	-0.008 -3.126 -6.398	-9.619 -12.859 -16.118 -19.031	-22.242 -25.453 -28.676 -31.652	-34.573 -37.945 -40.886	-43.932 -47.777 -50.103 -53.119	-56.886 -59.750 -62.337 -61.613	-55.472 -50.364 -49.057 -44.146 -41.367
PM INLBS.	0.008 -1.108 -2.031	560 005 761 518	-6.462 -7.644 -8.448 -9.427				-16.207 -14.850 -14.518 -13.116 -12.591
≺ LBS.	0.002 0.952 1.958	2.973 3.961 4.940 5.946	6.936 7.931 8.974 9.941	10.888 11.901 12.847	13.835 14.861 15.802 16.799	17.783 18.755 19.738 19.477	17.480 15.904 15.467 13.916 12.990
D LBS.	0.100	4.316 5.473 7.485 9.098	10.452 12.019 13.765 15.002	16.649 18.084 19.661	21.630 23.856 25.205 26.471	28.820 30.278 31.940 31.710	28.391 24.991 24.032 21.817 20.231 18.948
LBS.	0.166 -2.221 -4.584	-8.008 -10.188 -12.156 -14.632	-17.930 -21.630 -24.214 -27.802	-30.794 -34.323 -37.631	-41.456 -47.040 -50.053 -52.008	-58.790 -62.650 -65.594 -64.978	-55.590 -50.338 -48.193 -41.215 -37.583

Table B.6 Loading for Positive Yaw

LOADS LBS.	11.000	9.000	<b>B.</b> 000	7.000	6.000	5.000	4.000	3.000	2.000	1.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	23.473	18.667	16.641	14.574	12.346	10.535	8.368	6.769	4.986	2.248	0.120
YM INLBS.	-35.216 -31.984	-28.689	-25.422	-22.570	-19.039	-15.843	-12.944	-9.650	-6.483	-3.179	-0.00B
PM INLBS.	-10.167 -9.484	-8.394	-7.564	-6.711	-5.639	-4.848	-3,934	-3.093	-1.970	-1.027	0.008
, ∠	11.073	9.022	B.03B	7.143	6.044	5.092	3.997	3.005	2.051	0.977	0.002
D LBS.	17.109	13,713	11.942	10.710	9.361	7.227	5.821	4.408	3.227	1.751	0.100
L LBS.	-31.183	-23.788	-21.227	-17.927	-14.556	-12.173	-9.954	-7.879	-4.531	-2.098	0.166

Table B.6 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	1.1. 000 1.1. 0	-14.000 -13.000 -12.000
RM INLBS.	0.093 -1.335 -3.260 -5.569 -6.474 -7.712 -10.471 -12.095 -13.451 -14.795 -15.909 -17.473 -18.254 -17.473 -18.254 -17.473 -18.254 -22.206 -22.206 -22.206 -22.491 -25.279 -25.959 -26.031 -24.959	-19.248 -18.102 -16.751
YM INLBS.	0.011 2.800 5.865 8.951 12.092 15.341 18.385 21.697 25.109 28.223 31.286 34.161 37.032 46.414 47.734 49.950 57.019 57.019 57.019 57.885 57.885 57.885 57.885	
PM INLBS.	0.063 0.814 1.483 2.289 2.978 3.835 4.533 5.425 6.394 7.938 8.985 9.548 10.347 11.280 12.138 13.090 14.967 15.040 15.051 16.286 15.560	11.546 10.558 9.856
LBS.	0.001 -0.958 -1.967 -2.962 -5.964 -5.984 -5.985 -10.008 -10.882 -11.851 -12.867 -13.817 -14.834 -15.921 -16.906 -18.886 -16.905 -16.905 -16.905	-13.840 -12.946 -11.946
D LBS.	0.059 -1.059 -3.996 -5.175 -6.789 -6.789 -10.201 -11.360 -12.708 -12.708 -14.695 -17.035 -17.035 -17.035 -17.035 -17.035 -17.896 -23.024 -23.024 -23.024 -23.024 -25.086 -25.086 -25.086 -25.086 -25.086 -25.086 -25.086 -27.088	-20.316 -18.641 -17.547
L LBS.	-0.055 2.967 5.120 9.351 12.379 15.312 18.821 22.298 20.029 33.394 40.183 43.295 48.918 52.645 56.876 66.405 66.405 66.405 66.405 66.405 66.405 68.264 66.306	49.430 43.593 40.778

Table B.7 Loading for Negative Yaw

LOADS LBS.	-11.000	-10,000	-B.000	-7.000	-6.000	-5.000	-4.000	-3.000	-2.000	-1.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	-15.773	-13.305	-12.264	-10.212	-8.891	-7.661	-6.073	-5.048	-3.386	-1.494	0.093
YM INLBS.	34.940	27.878	25.056	21.682	18,554	15.600	12.376	9.184	6.175	3.049	0.011
PM INLBS.	9.213	7.083	6.463	5.484	4.813	4.066	3,138	2.599	1.799	0.8B7	0.063
, ∟BS.	-11.075	-10.072	-B.010	-7.075	-6.014	-5.069	-4.040	-3.046	-2.037	-0.996	0.001
D LBS.	-15.865	-14.71	-11.401	-9.723	-7.830	-6.804	-5.390	-3.991	-2.901	-1.042	0.059
L LBS.	37.661	29.287	26.086	21.526	18.626	15.819	12.420	9.107	5.517	2.913	-0.055

Table B.7 (cont.)

LOADS INLBS.	0.000	40.000 60.000	100.000	140.000	180.000	200.000 180.000	140.000	120,000	100.000	000.09	40.000	20.000	000.0
RM INLBS.	0.080	-22.066 -32.834 -43.690	-53.712 -65.525	-76.172	-94.863	-105.526 -96.058	-85.026 -75.896	-66.951	-53.868	-31.998	-21.830	-10.569	080.0
YM INLBS.		17.266 25.624				•						889.8	-0.009
PM INLBS.	-0.025	26.355 40.271 54.581	69.702 85.694	101.923	134.947	153.081 135.461	117.651	85.756	69.630 54.721	39,953	26.159	.12.768	-0.025
≺ LBS.	-0.001	-0.033 -0.058	-0.109	-0.128	-0.186	-0.181 -0.137	-0.133	-0.114	-0.090 -0.090	-0.053	-0.039	-0.017	-0.001
D LBS.	0.211	58.099 87.189 114.142	145.804	206.900	265.683	297.252	235.886	177.839	146.766	86.839	58.176	28.496	0.211
L LBS.	0.214	18.834 29.181 39.729	51.132	76.604	100.781	114.512	88.159	63.970	51.714	29.586	19.403	9.582	0.214

Table B.8 Loading for Positive Pitching Moment

LOADS INLBS.	0.000 -20.000 -40.000 -100.000 -1120.000 -1140.000 -1160.000 -1160.000 -1160.000 -120.000 -120.000 -120.000	-20.000
RM INLBS.	1.204 8.902 18.062 25.567 34.076 42.721 51.347 57.544 67.517 75.865 84.861 76.076 67.292 59.076 41.785 33.798 25.332 16.988	B.443
YM INLBS.	0.002 -9.753 -19.304 -28.202 -37.564 -46.601 -55.450 -64.299 -72.931 -81.501 -90.054 -81.905 -72.143 -64.833 -64.833 -64.833 -55.966 -46.182 -37.366 -37.366	-9.698 0.002
PM INLBS.	-0.085 -20.149 -40.398 -59.988 -99.914 -119.811 -140.690 -160.273 -180.202 -200.807 -180.564 -160.126 -140.576 -140.576 -140.576 -99.877 -80.014 -99.877	-20.020 -0.085
LBS.	-0.013 -0.034 -0.005 -0.005 -0.005 -0.014 -0.044 -0.055 -0.040 -0.055	
D LBS.	0.053 -22.299 -46.536 -70.894 -97.552 -124.862 -153.984 -213.973 -245.938 -279.220 -279.220 -279.220 -279.220 -279.220 -215.607 -1154.095 -1154.095 -126.386 -97.905	-22.485 0.053
L LBS.	-0.022 -9.342 -20.459 -31.843 -46.272 -60.649 -77.102 -95.409 -13.896 -134.509 -135.589 -135.589 -135.290 -78.035 -59.298 -59.298 -78.035 -59.298	-9.08B -0.022

Table B.9 Loading for Negative Pitching Moment

LOADS INLBS.	0.000	13.500 18.000	27.000	36.000	45.000	36.000 31.500 27.000	22.500 18.000	13.500 9.000 0.000	
RM INLBS.	0.212	3.331 4.961	4.846 .6.147 6.461	7.297 8.143	9.719	7.753 7.069 5.832	5.388	4.338 2.429 1.155 0.212	
YM INLBS.	4.240	13.489 18.382	27.220 32.072	36.627	45.119	36.165 32.021 27.180	22.547 18.441	13.512 9.097 4.491 -0.110	,
PM INLBS.	0.025	3.150 3.910	6.809 7.773	9.141	11.322	9.025 7.913 6.789	5.544	3.055 2.273 1.185 0.025	:
, ≺ LBS.	-0.008 0.211	0.3/0 0.495 0.626	0.829 1.037 1.032	1.193	2.142	1.493 1.278 1.106	0.996	0.505 0.338 0.163	
D LBS.	-0.131	-9.049 -13.622 -18.318	-26.961 -26.961 -32.413	-36.639	-46.790 -41.774	-36.577 -32.552 -27.066	-22.787 -18.305	-13.475 -8.738 -4.225 -0.131	
L LBS.	0.066	11.85/ 18.013 24.747	51.940 37.782 44.619	53.843	69.069	53.264 45.255 37.751	31.770	17.238 12.701 5.932 0.066	

Table B.10 Loading for Positive Yawing Moment

LOADS INLBS.	0.000	-9.000 -13.500 -18.000	-22.500	-31.500	-40.500	-45.000	-40.500 -36.000	-31.500	-27.000 -22.500	-18.000	-13.500	-9.000	-4.500	000.0
RM INLBS.		1.589 2.262 2.682						٠						
YM INLBS.	-0.027	-8.975 -13.347 -18.131	-22.375 -26.892	-31.754	-40.492	-44.956	-40.644 -35.826	-31.786	-26.865 -22.446	-18.099	-13,569	-9.067	-4.485	-0.027
PM INLBS.	0.028	-2.934 -4.137 -5.256	-6.851 -8.447	-9.815	-12.434	-13.990	-12.621 $-11.161$	-9.776	-8.537 -6.919	-5.330	-4.251	-2.996	-1.549	0.028
, LBS.	-0.028 -0.176	-0.366 -0.540 -0.759	-0.905	-0.940	-1.179	-1.296	-1.134	-1.021	-0.984 -0.671	-0.714	-0.561	-0.337	-0.192	-0.028
D LBS.	-0.032 4.450	9.326 13.985 18.948	23,529	33.270 38.044	42.681	47.777	42.721 38.026	33, 183	28.313 23.464	18.716	14.012	9.281	4.281	-0.032
L LBS.	-0.364	-9.841 -14.898 -20.846	-27.429	-41.042 -48.143	-56.084	-63,355	-55.843 -48.025	-40.568	-32.476 -26.527	-20.665	-15.310	-9.742	-4.863	-0.364

Table B.11 Loading for Negative Yawing Moment

LOADS INLBS.	0.000 11.500 23.000 34.500	46.000 57.500 69.500 80.500	103.500 115.000 103.500 92.000	80.500 67.000 57.500 46.000 34.500 11.500
RM INLBS.	0.683 12.072 23.143 34.326	47.042 57.242 68.583 80.292 93.388	104.096 115.821 102.672 91.494	78.468 68.825 56.446 46.912 35.616 23.271 12.422 0.683
YM INLBS.	-0.062 -0.787 -1.360 -2.272	-2.780 -3.525 -4.195 -5.483	-6.342 -6.723 -6.460 -5.679	-5.156 -4.083 -3.244 -2.717 -2.002 -1.340 -0.711
PM INLBS.	-0.141 -1.133 -2.068 -3.123	-4.08/ -4.966 -5.749 -6.933	-9.060 -9.725 -9.225 -7.918	-7.125 -5.547 -5.042 -4.108 -2.280 -1.165
γ LBS.	-0.012 -0.017 -0.098 -0.113	-0.128 -0.228 -0.317 -0.303	-0.308 -0.388 -0.308	-0.274 -0.260 -0.241 -0.176 -0.098 -0.033
D LBS.	0.082 -0.977 -2.106 -3.170	-4.384 -6.254 -7.130	-9.415 -10.585 -9.063 -7.841	-6.985 -6.002 -5.466 -3.948 -3.227 -2.367 -1.191
L LBS.	-0.261 2.400 5.066 7.477	12.944 12.944 16.316 19.773 22.995	26.416 29.380 26.436 22.941	20.190 16.915 14.206 10.928 8.552 4.663 2.454

Table B.12 Loading for Positive Rolling Moment

LOADS INLBS.	0.000 -23.000 -34.500 -46.000 -57.500 -69.000 -103.500 -115.000 -115.000 -103.500 -103.500 -103.500 -115.000 -27.500 -46.000 -23.000
RM INLBS.	0.210 -10.239 -22.723 -34.816 -45.299 -57.070 -68.102 -79.611 -91.562 -113.554 -105.360 -94.574 -82.659 -71.081 -60.337 -46.204 -34.994 -34.994 -34.994 -34.994 -34.994
YM INLBS.	-0.024 0.688 1.289 1.917 2.760 3.525 4.225 4.225 6.349 6.349 6.349 6.775 6.124 5.623 4.659 4.069 3.421 2.816 2.114 1.450
PM INLBS.	-0.023 0.818 1.275 2.224 2.837 3.540 4.271 5.085 5.060 6.562 7.206 6.562 7.206 6.562 7.206 7.206 1.446 2.945 2.946 1.432 0.800 -0.023
, ∟BS.	-0.005 0.052 0.050 0.056 0.058 0.102 0.136 0.145 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.242 0.214 0.054
D LBS.	0.053 0.053 1.281 2.468 3.520 3.991 4.586 5.433 6.551 7.449 6.705 5.896 5.896 5.819 3.840 3.840 3.840 0.825
L LBS.	-0.188 -2.414 -5.413 -7.829 -10.429 -14.950 -17.179 -20.313 -23.743 -24.884 -31.111 -27.668 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.715 -23.668 -18.021 -18.021 -18.021 -18.021 -18.021 -18.021

Table B.13 Loading for Negative Rolling Moment

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